

A Swamp Road Wood Works & Chiefwoodworker's Blog Tool

CutList Bridge User's Guide

Bridging Trimble SketchUp to CutList Plus fx, Microsoft Excel & OpenOffice

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Table of Contents

| | |
|---|----|
| Acknowledgements..... | 4 |
| Overview | 5 |
| Bug Reporting and Contact Information..... | 5 |
| Changes in Version 2.7..... | 5 |
| Changes in Version 2.6..... | 6 |
| Changes in Version 2.5..... | 6 |
| Changes in Version 2.4..... | 6 |
| Changes in Version 2.3..... | 6 |
| Changes in Version 2.2..... | 7 |
| Changes in Version 2.1..... | 7 |
| Changes in Version 2.0..... | 7 |
| Known Issues and Future Features..... | 8 |
| Major Features..... | 8 |
| Locating Your Plugins Folder | 12 |
| Installation | 13 |
| Extensions – Loading/Unloading CutList Bridge | 15 |
| Guidelines and Rules of Use | 16 |
| Getting Help..... | 17 |
| The Extended Entity Info Dialog Box..... | 18 |
| Tabs at a Glance | 18 |
| Assign Attributes Tab Overview..... | 18 |
| Lists Tab Overview | 18 |
| Columns Tab Overview | 18 |
| Setup Tab Overview | 18 |
| Setup Tab – Defaults, Field Format & Initialization | 20 |
| Save Default Attributes:..... | 20 |
| <Info>, Description & Sub-Assembly: | 21 |
| Initialize Attributes:..... | 26 |
| Assign Attributes Tab | 27 |
| Common Attributes | 27 |
| Milled Parts | 27 |

| | |
|---|----|
| Cabinet Mode..... | 28 |
| Other Items | 29 |
| Save Attributes Button..... | 29 |
| Lists Tab – Managing Material Type Lists | 30 |
| For All List Operations:..... | 30 |
| To Edit a Material List: | 30 |
| To Restore or Backup a List:..... | 30 |
| To Create a List From CutList Plus fx:..... | 30 |
| General Comments about Material Lists | 31 |
| Columns Tab – Choosing Columns and their Order..... | 32 |
| Assigning Component Attributes to a Model | 33 |
| Assigning Attributes to a Furniture Piece | 34 |
| Assigning Attributes to Kitchen Cabinets..... | 36 |
| Base Cabinet Sub-Assembly | 36 |
| Assigning Attributes to a Residential Home Model | 39 |
| Part # naming, or more precisely Component Definition naming..... | 40 |
| Using the Outliner Dialog Box to Assign Material Type and Material Name | 41 |
| Sorting Part #s by Sub-Assembly..... | 42 |
| Download SketchUp models for your own Attribute Assignment practice..... | 44 |
| SketchUp Home | 44 |
| Shaker Tall Clock | 44 |
| Base Cabinet..... | 44 |
| CutList Plus fx - Exporting and Importing..... | 45 |
| Exporting to CutList Plus fx | 45 |
| Importing to CutList Plus fx..... | 45 |
| Microsoft Excel – Exporting and Importing | 47 |
| Exporting to Microsoft Excel..... | 48 |
| Importing to Microsoft Excel | 48 |
| OpenOffice – Exporting and Importing..... | 49 |
| Exporting to OpenOffice | 49 |
| Importing to OpenOffice..... | 49 |
| Valid Resizing Dimensions..... | 51 |

Metric Dimensions 51

Imperial Dimensions 51

CutList Bridge

Bridging Trimble SketchUp to CutList Plus fx, Microsoft Excel & OpenOffice

Acknowledgements

I would like to give special thanks to Greg Larson and Matt Richardson for their help and guidance in creating this tool.

Greg Larson and his wife Margaret owns and operates [New England School of Architectural Woodworking](#), a school that prepares students for a career in architectural cabinet design and build. NESAW is an impressive program I have written about numerous times on my blog and in my newsletters. NESAW also provides courses in all areas of woodworking such as marquetry, veneering and finishing. Check out their website.

Greg first asked me to consider developing this tool so that his students could more efficiently develop cut lists and prepare rough stock and sheet goods. He and Matt not only helped define the special needs of a custom cabinetmaker, but they used and helped me debug the software. In fact Greg's Mac was the only Mac available to me for testing the script in the Mac environment. Matt provided the cabinet model example you will find in this User's Guide.

I would also like to thank John Bonin for his help in testing my development code, especially in the area of Other Items parts. John makes beautiful boxes (small jewelry and other boxes) which require substantial quantities of hardware parts such as hinges, pulls and stays. John gave this area of CutList Bridge a good test drive and uncovered several problems.

Feature changes in version 2.0 were inspired by Dave Kemp and Dave Richards; many thanks to both of them, not only for the suggestions, but also for testing interim release versions.

Finally, I would like to thank Dan Rathbun who helped test, confirm and explain a SketchUp bug that was driving me crazy. Dan provided advice on a work around for all but one part of that bug which still exists in this tool.

Overview

CutList Bridge is a Trimble SketchUp exporting tool plugin script. As its name implies CutList Bridge permits quick and efficient cut list creation by exporting SketchUp dimensions and other key component attributes to a .CSV file. This .csv file can then be imported into CutList Plus fx or any application supporting the comma-separated-file format, such as Microsoft Excel and Open/Office. CutList Bridge takes advantage of the powerful Ruby API supported by Trimble SketchUp; its functional code is written in Ruby while the Graphical User Interface in JavaScript, HTML and CSS.

Bug Reporting and Contact Information

Please report all bugs or strange behavior to jpz@srww.com. My complete contact information is below.

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Changes in Version 2.8

1. Replaced all instances of the typename method with the kind_of? Method to improve performance.
2. Fixed problem with cut list .csv file generation being exceptionally slow if the Outliner dialog box is open.
3. Fixed problem where file changes made on the Lists tab with the + and – icons would not be immediately apparent without manually changing the Material List to another material type and then back again.

Changes in Version 2.7

4. Fixed a problem where the units were reported with incorrect symbols if the Material Type column were not included on the Columns tab page when doing an Excel or OpenOffice Export.
5. Fixed a problem which occurred if Material Type was the last column heading on the Columns tab page. That is, when no headings followed Material Type the material types were discarded. This only happened when doing Excel or OpenOffice Exports.
6. Fixed a problem where Sub-Assembly by Layer, a Setup page parameter, was not restored when an Export was attempted without first opening the Extended Entity Info dialog box.
7. Fixed a problem with the Material Name: and Remove: drop down lists on the Attributes and Lists tabs respectively. A double quote appeared before and after the drop down list. This was a result of the change from Ruby 1.8.7 to Ruby 2.0.

Changes in Version 2.6

1. Made changes for compatibility with SketchUp Make and Pro version 2014.
2. Fixed a significant problem where Cabinet Mode, Enable Auto-Swap incorrectly handled metric dimensions.
3. Changed the file export behavior so that the dimensions and their units follow the Model Info/Units setting in SketchUp. For example, to export inches with no units displayed choose Fractional from the Format drop down box and uncheck "Display units format".
4. Fixed a bug in the Enable Auto-Swap? code that caused the incorrect width to be exported.
5. Changed all files to adopt the not yet released version 3.0 files, so that only one set of files need to be maintained for future version 2.x releases, and version 3.x releases.
6. Removed the unusable horizontal and vertical scrollbars.
7. Made minor tweak to HTML to center the CutList Bridge tabs.

Changes in Version 2.5

1. Fixed a bug introduced in version 2.4. When more than one component was selected the entire contents of the Assign Attributes tab could be written to all components instead of just the intended attribute change. Changed code to recognize only the changed attribute and to then write it to all selected components. The Save Attributes button at the bottom of the Assign Attributes tab is no longer needed, though harmless if selected. It will be removed in version 3.0.

Changes in Version 2.4

2. Added code to detect the user's platform (Windows, Mac or other) and used `dialog.show` on Windows and `dialog.show_modal` on Mac. Other OS types result in an error message.
3. Fixed a Mac compatibility problem. Due to the difference in the way the Mac opens SketchUp with a blank model before loading Ruby scripts the user would get a "No Selection" error message when trying to use one of the Export commands. Changed code to check for `Sketchup.active_model` immediately after the user selects an Export command.
4. Fixed the Assign Attributes tab so that the user no longer has to use the Save Attributes button. All inputs are saved immediately. The Save Attributes button will remain, though unnecessary, until Version 3.0 is released.
5. Fixed a problem with importing into Excel when the .csv file is produced with Model Info/Units "Display units format" is unchecked. Fractions without units were displayed as dates in Excel.

Changes in Version 2.3

1. Fixed ambiguous error message when an Export selection contained either a Component Type Top, Shelf or Bottom but was not accompanied by an associated Back in the selection. Component Type Top, Bottom and Shelf must touch a Back Component Type, and that Back must be included in the selection of components to Export.

2. Fixed problem with up to two Material Names being added to the Material Name list when the Add button is clicked more than once. This problem occurs due to an `Array#uniq` and `Array#uniq!` bug in the Ruby interpreter version 1.8.6.
3. Fixed a problem that could occur when you click the Lists delete button. If a material name is selected it deletes not only that material name but any material name that includes the material name selected as part of its name. For example, deleting Maple will also delete Tiger Maple.
4. Fixed a major bug in version 2.2, an incorrectly defined variable produced the wrong results when using the Initialize Attributes button on the Setup tab.
5. Fixed the problem of using commas in any input field, which had the effect of starting a new data element due to inconsistent treatment by CutList Plus fx, Excel and OpenOffice. Commas can now be used in any input.
6. Fixed a problem with the use of inch (") marks in input fields other than dimensions. The double quote or inch (") marks can now be used in any input.
7. Exported Excel and Open/Office .csv files are now sorted before exporting.

Changes in Version 2.2

1. Fixed a major problem in version 2.1, inadvertently introduced when fixing a missing `</select>` tag in version 2.0. This problem caused Lists/Add (adding a material to the materials list) to corrupt a list file rendering version 2.1 unusable for this purpose.

Changes in Version 2.1

1. Made CutList Bridge a registered plugin.
2. Changed the tabs and copyright appearance.
3. Changed File Menu command to include OpenOffice.
4. Removed the double quotes that appeared in Column A of an OpenOffice spreadsheet export.
5. Fixed the `add_action_callback("createList")` function to include the `</select>` tag at the end of a list file.

Changes in Version 2.0

1. Added user's ability to choose the columns you wish to export, and the column order, when exporting to Microsoft Excel (this ability already exists for CutList Plus fx users in the CutList Plus fx application).
2. Added ability to format the Excel file in groups of Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber, Sheet Good, Other and Uncategorized. This feature requires that Material Type be included in the Columns selection.
3. Added three new columns for decimal dimensions when exporting to Microsoft Excel: Dec T is the decimal equivalent of Thick; Dec W the decimal equivalent of Width and Dec L the decimal equivalent of Length. This eliminates the need for the user to convert Imperial dimensions to decimal in the Excel spreadsheet.
4. Added a feedback message box to indicate the success/failure of exporting to Microsoft Excel or CutList Plus fx.

5. Added code that puts a leading zero before a decimal number if none exists, making numbers such as .0925 acceptable.
6. Provided more information about the dimension formation error message by referring the user to the Valid Resizing Dimensions section of the User's Guide for correct dimension formation.
7. Separated message handling into message_handler and error_handler with error_handler constructed of raise exceptions (this change is invisible to the user and aids in code debug only).
8. Made the tab background clickable as well as the tab label making selecting the tab easier.

Known Issues and Future Features

The following are known issues and/or intended future features:

1. Add user defined columns and Excel equations. Each user defined column will have a user specified heading and its cells filled with a user defined equation.
2. Provide an Export to Web Browser command for users who have neither Microsoft Excel, OpenOffice nor CutList Plus fx.
3. Add Undo capabilities to all significant operations.
4. Add Other Item list functionality.
5. Add ability to assign Other Items to components without modeling them so that they are included in the parts list (e.g. Qty 2 #8 2" Wood Screws for each Brace of a Coat Rack). This functionality suggested by David Powell.

I encourage users to make suggestions of any features they think will improve the functionality or usability of CutList Bridge. Please send all suggestions to Joe Zeh at jpz@srww.com.

Major Features

- 1) **Seamlessly bridges SketchUp and CutList Plus fx**
CutList Plus fx is a highly functional cut list creator, costing tool, proposal generator and inventory manager for woodworking shops. Trimble SketchUp is a powerful 3D drawing tool ideally suited for furniture and architectural cabinet design and photorealistic rendering. These two tools do not naturally work together. CutList Bridge solves that problem by seamlessly bridging these two applications.
- 2) **Export a cut list to Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice**
Use the Export to Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice command to create a cut list in an Excel or OpenOffice spreadsheet.
- 3) **Customize column output**
Choose which columns you wish to include in a cut list export and specify the order they appear using the Columns tab.
- 4) **Customize Thickness, Width and Length dimension columns**
Thickness, width and length dimensions can be exported with dimension units or decimal inches with no units or both; making it unnecessary to convert Imperial unit dimensions to unit-less

decimal inches in Excel or OpenOffice.

5) Automatically sort Material Types in Excel or Open/Office

If the Materials Type column is included in an export the Excel and Open/Office spreadsheet is sorted in groups: Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber, Sheet Good, Other and Uncategorized.

6) All cut list attributes are entered in SketchUp and remain with the model file

CutList Plus fx requires the user to manually re-enter dimensions and other component attributes such as material type, material name, notes and banding. Attributes that can be generated automatically from the design's 3D model and which ideally belong with the design file. CutList Bridge allows the user to enter and store all attributes with the model file and provides features for editing and exporting. Attributes which can be automatically generated from the 3D model, such as component dimensions and grain direction corrections are also handled in CutList Bridge.

7) Components copied from another model can be pasted with their attributes

When a user copies a component from another model, which has attributes already assigned, and pastes it into the current model, the component's attributes will be pasted with the component. This is useful if the user has a standard set of components that are used across a number of models. For example, screws and biscuits. Unfortunately, this only works with the Edit/Copy and Edit/Paste tools. It does not work if you place an attributed component in a library folder and select it with the Components dialog box; nor does it work if you import a .skp file.

8) Sub-Assembly names can be assigned in SketchUp explicitly or automatically by Layer name

In CutList Plus fx a Sub-Assembly name is typically used to group a collection of components. For example: in a model of a chest-of-drawers you may want two Sub-Assembly names; one called Carcass for all the components that make up the basic support structure, and one called Drawers for all components that make up the drawers. A grandfather clock may have Sub-Assembly names of Hood, Waist and Base. A trundle bed might be divided into Headboard, Footboard, Sides and Trundle. A kitchen cabinet may have sub-assemblies of Cabinet, Face Frame, Drawers and Doors. CutList Bridge allows the user to assign Sub-Assembly names in SketchUp prior to exporting to CutList Plus fx.

Sub-Assembly names can also be assigned by layer using the layer's name. For example, as stick frame house designed in SketchUp may be organized with layer names such as Footing, Foundation, 1st Floor Joists, 1st Floor Framing, 2nd Floor Framing etc. These layer names can automatically be used as the Sub-Assembly names in CutList Bridge fx.

9) Assign oversize/undersize dimensions in SketchUp via the Cabinet Mode Resize feature

<Info> is a CutList Plus fx field that is intended as a short note. However, it has two significant differences from the Notes field provided by CutList Plus fx. First, <Info> shows up in the CutList Plus fx spreadsheet whereas Notes only appear on the Parts printout. Second, if a CutList Plus fx spreadsheet is locked to prevent accidental change, <Info> can still be changed allowing for

cutting status to be input. See the CutList Plus fx User's Guide for more information.

CutList Bridge extends the use of <Info> when used in a special mode called Cabinet Mode. In Cabinet Mode parts can be oversized or undersized in length and width using the Resize feature, and these dimensions will appear in the CutList Plus fx <Info Field>. The user has the choice of displaying the increment of over/under size or the over/under sized finished dimension for each of width or length.

10) Assign Notes in SketchUp while designing the model

Notes can be assigned in SketchUp for each component. These will be exported to the Notes field in CutList Plus fx.

11) Both Milled Parts and Other Items are supported

CutList Plus fx supports two classes of components: Milled Parts, which are typically Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber or Sheet Goods that are milled into a component in the shop. CutList Bridge also supports Other Items such as drawer pulls, consumables such as screws, biscuits, dominos or any other non-milled components which are typically purchased.

12) All Milled Part attributes can be assigned in SketchUp

Milled Parts, as mentioned, are components milled from Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber or Sheet Goods. Each Milled Part component can be assigned the following:

- a. Material Type - Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber or Sheet Goods
- b. Material Name – e.g. Tiger Maple
- c. Banding – A code to indicate which sides are banded and which banding material to use.
- d. Swap L/W – The user can specify in SketchUp any component whose length and width should be swapped. CutList Plus fx assumes the length field specifies the grain direction. However, there are times when the short dimension of a board should be the grain direction. Check Swap L/W to accomplish this.
- e. Can Rotate? - Many material types have no grain. To assist CutList Plus fx in optimizing material use you can specify in SketchUp which Components can be rotated by CutList Plus fx.

13) Cabinet Mode provides Auto-Swap of L & W and Over/Under sizing of cut list parts

Cabinet Mode is a sub-mode of Milled Parts. It is selected in CutList Bridge by checking its checkbox. When selected <Info> is no longer available in the usual way. However, when selected another very useful and key option becomes available in addition to three more fields.

- a. Enable Auto-Swap – This is a feature that automatically determines which components should have their lengths and widths swapped, independent of dimensions, based on a Component's Type. In cabinet design there is a basic box with components that can be labeled Back, Bottom, Shelf, Side or Top. Based on these attributes L & W will be automatically swapped when needed such that grain runs up a side, across a top, down a side and across the bottom to the starting point. Back grain will always be in the

vertical direction. Shelves will have a grain direction that is horizontal (side to side) while its cross grain direction is perpendicular to the Back's plane.

- b. Component Type - As mentioned is assigned with a drop down list and can be either Back, Bottom, Shelf, Side or Top.
- c. Resize Width By – The user can specify a dimension to resize the width by (the increment, or decrement when preceded with a minus sign). The Width column in CutList Plus will contain this resized dimension.
- d. Resize Length By – The user can specify a dimension to resize the length by (the increment, or decrement when preceded with a minus sign). The Length column in CutList Plus will contain this resized dimension.

The user is able to choose display options for the <Info> and Description fields that will modify what information appear in these fields in CutList Plus fx. More on this later.

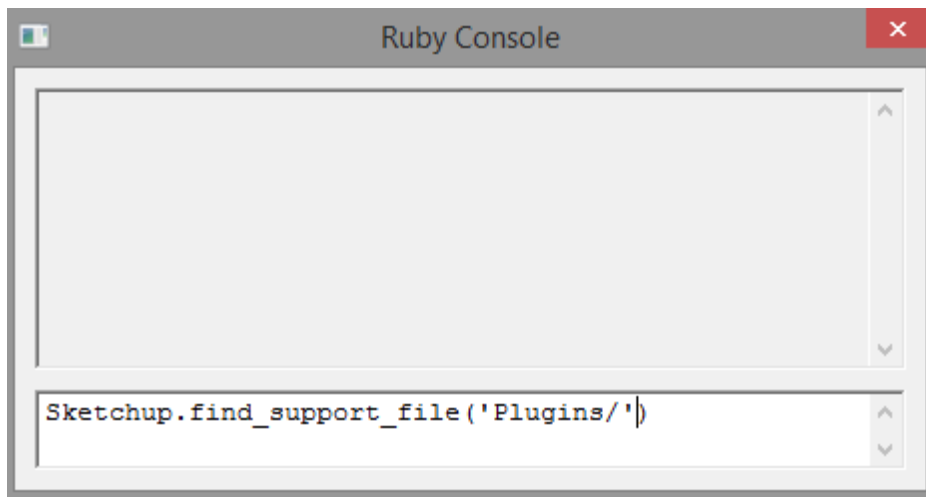
14) Other Items can be specified while modeling in SketchUp

Components that are not milled in the shop but are purchased may be specified in the Item field. If the name specified in the Item field exists in the Raw Materials library of CutList Plus fx this component and its quantity will be appropriately categorized and added to the BOM in CutList Plus fx. If the name specified does not exist in CutList Plus fx it will still be imported but added to the [Not Categorized] Other Items category.

Locating Your Plugins Folder

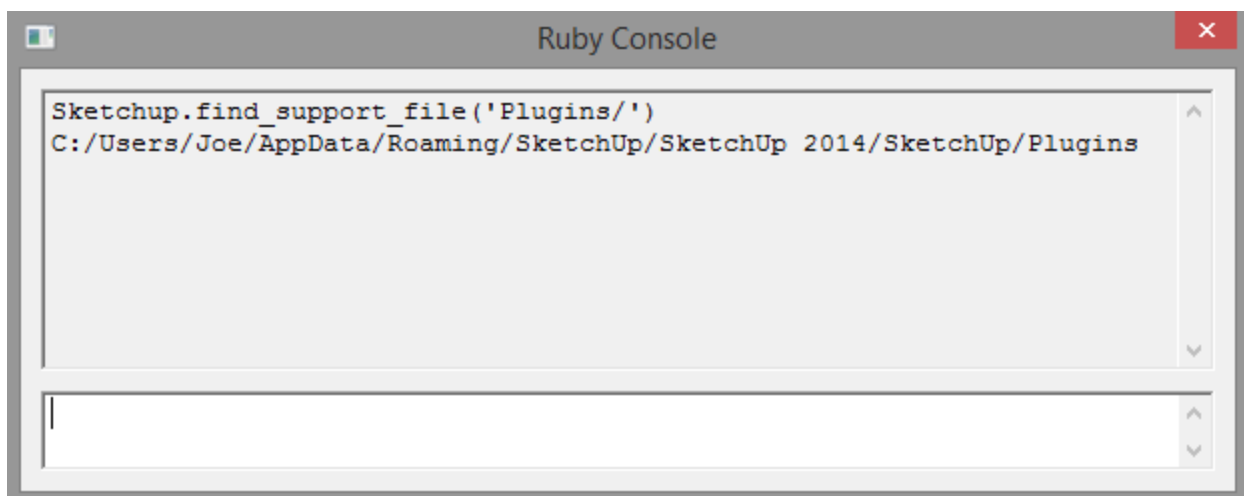
You will need to know the location of your Plugins folder to verify you installed CutList Bridge correctly and to import a materials.csv file from CutList Plus fx. SketchUp version 2014, both Make and Pro, has changed the location of the Plugins folder, so you should follow this procedure to be sure you know where it is. You can locate the Plugins folder using the Ruby Console. To open the Ruby Console go to the Window menu and click on Ruby Console. The Ruby Console will appear. In the white area at the bottom copy and paste or type the following line exactly:

```
Sketchup.find_support_file('Plugins/')
```



It should look like the image at left. Press the Enter key on the keyboard and you will see the results shown at the bottom of this page. Note that I had to drag the right side of the window to enlarge it so the folder location would appear all on one line. Copy and paste the folder location and save

it for future reference. You might also want to create a shortcut on your desktop pointing to the Plugins folder.



Installation

IMPORTANT: Follow These Installation Instructions Carefully

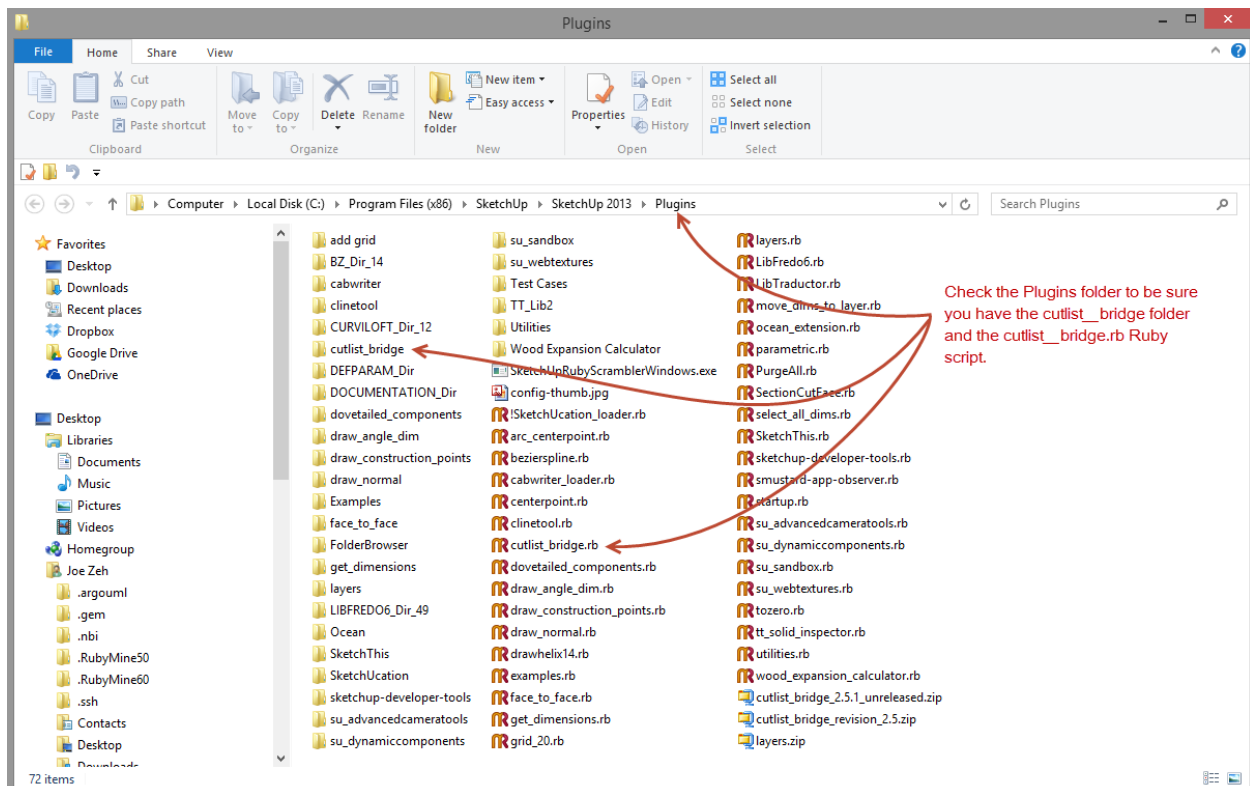
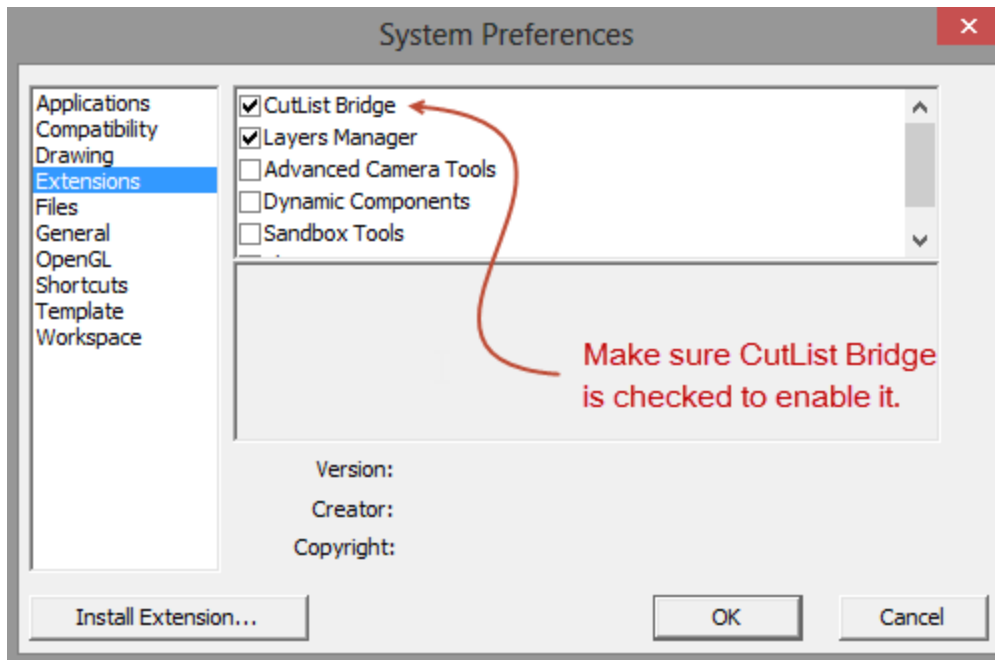
Download [cutlist_bridge_revision_2.7.rbz](#) file by clicking on this link. Save it to a folder where you can easily find it i.e. a folder you know the location of. Your desktop is a good place.

The SketchUp 8, 2013 and 2014 Make and Pro versions allow you to install zipped Ruby files (.rbz) from within the product. (Tip: If your plugin has a standard .zip extension, then you can just change the extension name from .zip to .rbz.)

To install a SketchUp Ruby plugin script with the .rbz format:

1. We recommend logging into your computer as an admin before installing any Ruby scripts. This will make the installation go more smoothly and ensure that files get installed in the proper places.
2. Select **Window > Preferences** (Microsoft Windows) or **SketchUp > Preferences** (Mac OS X). The Preferences dialog box is displayed.
3. Click on **Extensions**. The Extensions panel is displayed.
4. Click on the **Install Extension** button. The Open dialog box is displayed.
5. Locate the Ruby zip file to install (.rbz).
6. Click on the **Open** button. The Ruby plugin appears in the list of extensions.
7. You may see a message asking if you trust the author of this Ruby script. If you do click the **Yes** button. (Hint: I am trustable.)
8. You may get a message announcing successful installation. Click **OK**.
9. In the Extensions panel be sure CutList Bridge is checked to enable it. See the image at the top of the next page.

When completed be sure to check that the cutlist_bridge folder and the cutlist_bridge.rb script reside in the Plugins folder. See the second image on the next page.



When CutList Bridge is installed its dialog box can be accessed either by choosing menu Window/Extended Entity Info or by right clicking on a component or a selection and choosing Extended Entity Info. A CutList Plus fx cut list, in comma separated file format (.csv), can be generated by choosing

menu File/Export to CutList Plus fx. The .csv file will be stored in the same folder that the active model resides in and have the same file name with a .csv extension.

Similarly, a Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice cut list can be exported with the menu command File/Export to Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice.

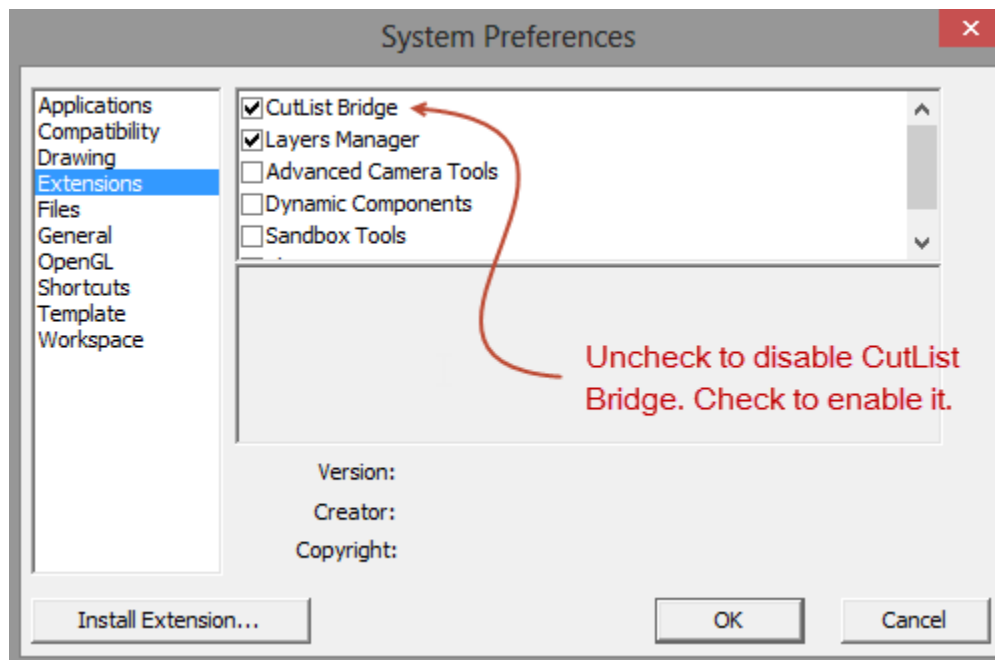
The .csv file can then be imported to CutList Plus fx, Excel, OpenOffice or any application that permits importing of a .csv formatted file.

If your operating system permits associating a file type to a particular application you can associate .csv files to CutList Plus fx for example. Then you can open CutList Plus fx and begin the importing process simply by clicking on the .csv file.

It is suggested that all component attribute changes be made in SketchUp using the Extended Entity Info. Doing so will allow you to reproduce your cut list should you lose the .csv file or your CutList Plus fx file. Reproducing either lost file is a simple mouse click.

Extensions – Loading/Unloading CutList Bridge

CutList Bridge is a Registered SketchUp Extension. This means you can unload (disable) CutList Bridge with the menu command Window/Preferences and selecting the Extensions page. Uncheck the CutList Bridge checkbox to unload (disable) it or check it to load (enable) it. See the System Preferences dialog box below.



Guidelines and Rules of Use

Note: In SketchUp parlance the word component is used frequently. Its use can often be confusing. Consider a table with four identical legs. The leg is first defined in SketchUp as a collection of faces, lines and intersections. This is called the Component Definition. The designer can use this very same definition four separate times to place four legs, their only difference being where they are placed and their orientation. These four separate legs are called Component Instances because each is an instance of the Component Definition. When CutList Bridge assigns attributes to a “component” it is assigning them to the Component Definition. When the user selects one Component Instance and clicks the Save Attributes button, CutList Bridge figures out which Component Definition that one Component Instance belongs to and then writes those attributes to it; not just the Component Instance selected, but all Component Instances inherit those attributes. The reason this is necessary is that each line item (Part #) in the CutList Plus fx cut list is actually a Component Definition. The SketchUp Component Definition name is in the Description field and the Copies field indicates the number of Component Instances of that Component Definition that are required. To further understand the confusion surrounding components, be aware that component and part are often used interchangeably.

1. All parts must be a Component (Definition). CutList Bridge does not support Groups; in fact it discourages the use of Groups.
2. Components should not be hierarchical. That is, should not contain sub-groups or sub-components. Doing so may provide wrong component counts, or may skip some components altogether.
3. Components need not be textured to produce a cut list using CutList Bridge. Material Type and Material Name are explicitly defined using the Extended Entity Info dialog box.
4. A Sub-assembly name can be assigned to a Component (Definition) via the Extended Entity Info dialog box. All instances of that component are assigned the same Sub-assembly name. If identical parts (Component Instances) are required in different sub-assemblies the user should organize sub-assemblies by layer and use the Sub-Assembly by Layer feature of CutList Bridge.
5. All instances of a component have the same CutList Bridge attributes. If a similar component is required in a different application and with a different attribute, that component must be made unique.
6. Any component (instance) with the attribute Top, Shelf or Bottom must have a face that is also on the face of a component with an attribute Back. That is, Tops, Bottoms or Shelves must be drawn to touch a Back's face. If a shelf is intended to be spaced from the back in real life, use CutList Bridge Resize feature to provide the gap.
7. If your operating system permits associating a file type to a particular application you can associate .csv files to CutList Plus fx for example. Then you can open CutList Plus fx and begin the importing process simply by clicking on the .csv file.
8. It is suggested that all component attribute changes be made in SketchUp using the Extended Entity Info dialog box. Doing so will allow you to reproduce your cut list should you lose the .csv file or your CutList Plus fx file. Reproducing either is a simple mouse click.

Getting Help

On the Setup tab's page you will find a button at the bottom labeled Open User's Guide. Clicking the Open User's Guide button will open a browser page to this CutList Bridge User's Guide. If you have problems using CutList Bridge fx or believe you have uncovered a software bug please contact me via email: jpz@srww.com.

For help with CutList Plus fx open the application. Under Help click on User's Manual and a PDF User's Manual will open. Save the manual to your desktop and/or print it out for future reference.

The Extended Entity Info Dialog Box

The Extended Entity Info dialog box is the input dialog box for assigning attributes to components. At the top of the dialog box are four tabs: Assign Attributes, Lists, Columns and Setup. To open the Extended Entity Info dialog box choose menu Window/Extended Entity Info or context click on a component and choose Extended Entity Info. The dialog box will open to the Assign Attributes tab as indicated by the darker grey tab. You can select any of the other three tabs by clicking on its tab label. In each tab selection the selected tab will turn dark and the other three will be lighter indicating which tab is operative. See tab images on the next page.

Tabs at a Glance

Assign Attributes Tab Overview

The Assign Attributes tab is where attributes are entered and assigned to one or more selected components. After entering attributes you must click the Save Attributes button. There are strategies that can be employed to minimize typing and saving attributes. These will become obvious as you learn and use CutList Bridge.

Lists Tab Overview

The Lists tab is used to manage the material names included on the Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber and Sheet Goods lists. It is also used to synchronize these lists with CutList Plus fx. Material names can be added or deleted. Lists can be backed up and restored if necessary. Lists can also be created using a file exported from CutList Plus fx.

Columns Tab Overview

The Columns tab is used to choose the columns you wish to export and to assign the order in which they appear. If a blank column is desired between two columns simply choose the blank entry from the drop down box.

Setup Tab Overview

The Setup tab is where CutList Bridge defaults are selected. Defaults can be defined for attributes as well as field formats. The Setup tab is also used to initialize any newly completed model or for erasing all attributes from a previously assigned model. The user's manual can also be accessed from the Setup tab.

Extended Entity Info

Assign Attributes | **Lists** | **Columns** | **Setup**

Common Attributes

Sub-Assembly:

<Info>:

Notes:

☒ **Milled Parts**

Material Type:

Material Name:

Banding:

Swap L/W? ☐ Can Rotate? ☐

☐ **Cabinet Mode**

Enable Auto-Swap?

Component Type:

Resize Width By:

Resize Length By:

☐ **Other Items**

Item:

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Extended Entity Info

Assign Attributes | **Lists** | **Columns** | **Setup**

For All List Operations:
First choose a material list to edit by selecting it using the Material List drop down.

Material List:

To Edit A Material List:
Select a material from the Remove drop down or enter a material in the Add input box then click either Remove or Add Material icon.

Remove:

Add:

To Restore Or Backup A List:

To Create A List From CutList Plus fx:
In CutList Plus fx export a "Raw Materials Sizes and Prices" file to the Plugins\cutlist_bridge folder named materials.csv. Click Create List.

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Extended Entity Info

Assign Attributes | **Lists** | **Columns** | **Setup**

Select Columns and Column order:

Column 1:

Column 2:

Column 3:

Column 4:

Column 5:

Column 6:

Column 7:

Column 8:

Column 9:

Column 10:

Column 11:

Column 12:

Column 13:

Column 14:

Column 15:

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Extended Entity Info

Assign Attributes | **Lists** | **Columns** | **Setup**

Saving Default Attributes:
In the Assign Attributes window set the default attributes as desired. In the Setup window click the Save As Default button below.

<Info>, Description & Sub-Assembly:

<Info>: ☐ W ☒ W{-1/2"} ☐ W(10")

Description: ☐ Left Side ☒ Left Side <Side>

Sub-Assembly: ☒ Component Group ☐ Layer

Initialize Attributes:
This button sets all components to a Milled Part with blank attributes.

Getting Help:

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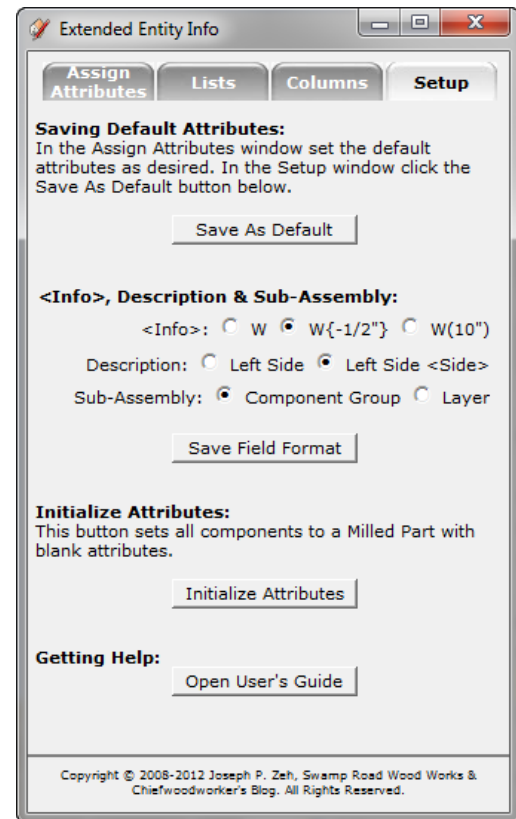
Setup Tab – Defaults, Field Format & Initialization

The Setup tab provides three setup functions: it allows the user to change default settings for attribute fields; it allows the user to select the format of the <Info> and Description fields when a component is tagged with the Component Mode attribute and it provides the user two methods for organizing a model into sub-assemblies; it allows the user to initialize (or reset) all components to a Milled Part with blank attributes.

Save Default Attributes:

CutList Bridge uses default inputs for each attribute field of the Extended Entity Info dialog box. When CutList Bridge is first installed those defaults are:

- a. Sub-Assembly:
- b. <Info>:
- c. Notes:
- d. Milled Parts: true
- e. Material Type:
- f. Material Name:
- g. Banding:
- h. Swap L/W: No
- i. Can Rotate: No
- j. Cabinet Mode: No
- k. Enable Auto-Swap: No
- l. Component Type:
- m. Resize Width By:
- n. Resize Length By:
- o. Other Items: false
- p. Item:



When the Save As Default button on the Setup tab is clicked the current contents of the Assign Attributes tab is saved as the new default. In this way the defaults can be changed to anything the user desires. To change the default setting select the Assign Attributes tab and enter the desired inputs. Inputs that are blank will be written as blanks. Next choose the Setup tab and click the Save As Default button.

However, do not confuse default settings with those of the Initialize Attributes settings that are assigned to all components when the Initialize Attributes button on the Setup tab is clicked. While the default settings and initialize settings are the same when first CutList Bridge is installed, once a user changes the default settings they may not be the same again. Initialize settings cannot be changed and are always as shown in a. through p. above.

Default Attributes can be used in several ways depending on the user's style of work and preferences. To understand how Default Attributes can be used it is first necessary to understand what is displayed in the Assign Attributes tab. For the sake of discussion let's suppose that the user has only partially completed assigning attributes to a model, that is, some components have attributes assigned while other do not. Let's further suppose that the model is a cabinet with three major sub-assemblies: box, face frame and doors and that the box is constructed of birch plywood while the face frame and doors are constructed of cherry dimensioned lumber.

In this scenario if the user selects just one component while the Extended Entity Info dialog box is open and the Assign Attributes tab is selected, the attributes assigned to that component will be displayed. If no attributes have been assigned, then the default settings will be displayed. This allows the user to quickly and efficiently assign default attributes to a component simply by clicking the Save Attributes button.

Now suppose that two or more components are selected, let's say three, and that one of them is a box sub-assembly component (e.g. the back), one is a face frame sub-assembly component and the other is a door sub-assembly component. Further suppose that the Notes attribute for each of these components is "Finish with MinWax Gloss Poly." What then is displayed in the input fields of the Assign Attributes tab? CutList Bridge will compare each attribute of each selected part to find a common attribute and when it finds one it will be displayed in the input field. Where there are conflicting attributes the default will be displayed. In this case if the default is a blank then a blank is displayed, but if the default is a specified value then that value will be displayed.

In our scenario the three selected parts are each of a different sub-assembly so the Sub-Assembly field will display the default value for Sub-Assembly. The Notes input field will display "Finish with MinWax Gloss Poly." because all three components have this attribute value for Notes. One of the parts, the back, is Material Type Sheet Good (birch plywood) and the other two are Material Type Dimensioned Lumber (cherry). So again no agreement in the Material Type attribute and consequently the default value for Material Type will be displayed. This is the same for Material Name.

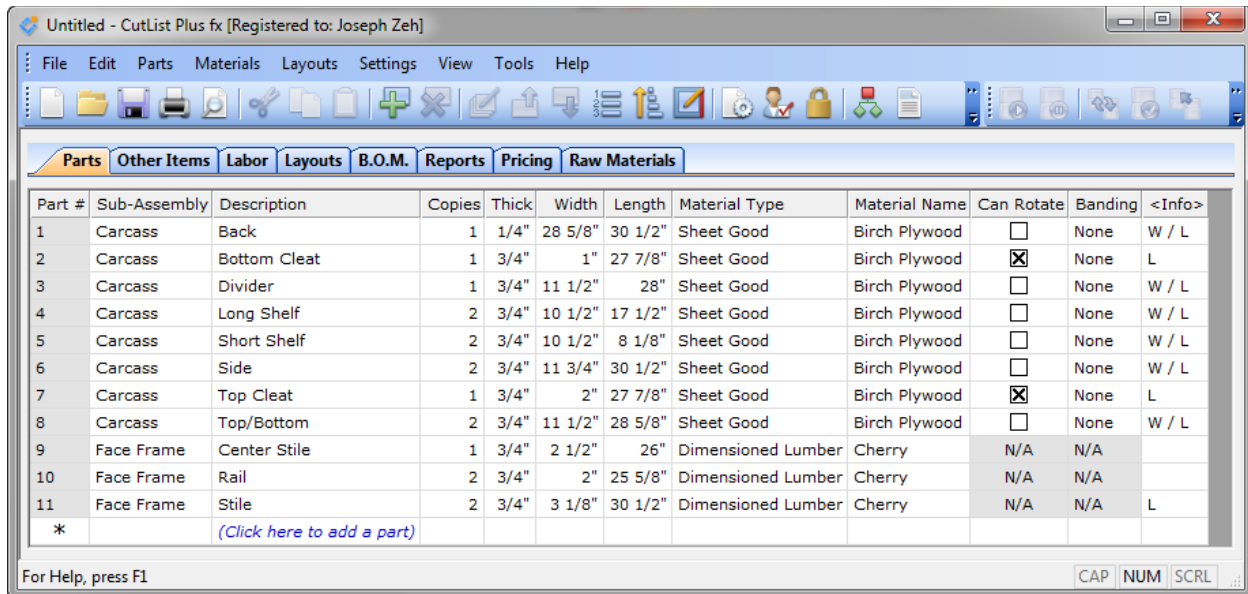
In this fashion all attribute fields will be displayed with either a value of agreement, a default value due to none agreement, or a blank. So be careful when selecting more than one component at a time. Remember, if you click the Save Attributes button all displayed attribute fields will be written to all selected components, even blank inputs. Because of this behavior you must think carefully about your choice for defaults and how to use this feature. Later in this guide I will describe a few useful strategies which will both reduce the errors of entry and provide for efficient attribute assignment.

<Info>, Description & Sub-Assembly:

When a component has been tagged with a Cabinet Mode attribute (Cabinet Mode checked) both the resultant CutList Plus fx Description and <Info> fields are modified. The user has a choice of formats. In addition, CutList Bridge provides two methods for assigning Sub-Assembly attributes. All of these choices can be selected and saved in the <Info>, Description & Sub-Assembly: section of the Setup page.

<Info> Format

When the W radio button is selected the <Info> field may display a W, L or W/L to indicate that the dimensions in the Width, Length or Width & Length columns are resized dimensions respectively, not As Drawn dimensions. If the <Info> field is blank the Width and Length fields are As Drawn dimensions and not resized dimensions.



The screenshot shows the 'CutList Plus' software interface. The 'Parts' tab is selected, displaying a table with 11 parts. The columns are: Part #, Sub-Assembly, Description, Copies, Thick, Width, Length, Material Type, Material Name, Can Rotate, Banding, and <Info>. The <Info> field contains 'W / L' for parts 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 11; 'L' for parts 2, 7, and 10; and is blank for parts 9 and 10. A status bar at the bottom indicates 'For Help, press F1' and 'CAP NUM SCRL'.

| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | <Info> |
|--------|--------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 1 | Carcass | Back | 1 | 1/4" | 28 5/8" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 2 | Carcass | Bottom Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 1" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L |
| 3 | Carcass | Divider | 1 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 4 | Carcass | Long Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 17 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 5 | Carcass | Short Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 8 1/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 6 | Carcass | Side | 2 | 3/4" | 11 3/4" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 7 | Carcass | Top Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 2" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L |
| 8 | Carcass | Top/Bottom | 2 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28 5/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 9 | Face Frame | Center Stile | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/2" | 26" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 10 | Face Frame | Rail | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 25 5/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 11 | Face Frame | Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 3 1/8" | 30 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | L |
| * | | (Click here to add a part) | | | | | | | | | |

Notice Part #'s 9 & 10 above. The <Info> field is blank indicating that the Width and Length fields for these components are displaying an As Drawn dimension. Part #'s 2, 7 & 11 displays only an L in the <Info> field indicating the Length field for these component are displaying a resized dimension. We can't tell if they are oversized or undersized, merely resized. Similarly, the remaining <Info> fields indicate a resized dimension of both Width and Length are displayed in the respective fields.

The cut list below is the same cut list shown above but with the W{-1/2"} radio button is selected. Notice now that in addition to the W & L that the numbers in the curly brackets indicate how much resizing

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Parts Other Items Labor Layouts B.O.M. Reports Pricing Raw Materials

| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | <Info> |
|--------|--------------|-------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| 1 | Carcass | Back | 1 | 1/4" | 28 5/8" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{1/2} / L{1/2} |
| 2 | Carcass | Bottom Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 1" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L{1/2} |
| 3 | Carcass | Divider | 1 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{1/2} / L{1/2} |
| 4 | Carcass | Long Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 17 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{-1/2} / L{-1/2} |
| 5 | Carcass | Short Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 8 1/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{-1/2} / L{-1/2} |
| 6 | Carcass | Side | 2 | 3/4" | 11 3/4" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{1/2} / L{1/2} |
| 7 | Carcass | Top Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 2" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L{1/2} |
| 8 | Carcass | Top/Bottom | 2 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28 5/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W{1/2} / L{1/2} |
| 9 | Face Frame | Center Stile | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/2" | 26" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 10 | Face Frame | Rail | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 25 5/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 11 | Face Frame | Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 3 1/8" | 30 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | L{1/2} |
| * | | (Click here to ac | | | | | | | | | |

For Help, press F1

CAP NUM SCRL

has taken place. The negative signs in Part #'s 4 & 5 indicate an under sizing of 1/2". The Width and Length fields are displaying the under sized dimensions, not the As Drawn dimensions.

The last <Info> Format choice is radio button W(10") and its formatted display is shown below. Again the cut list is the same as the previous two lists. This time the As Drawn dimensions are displayed in the parenthesis next to their respective W & L. The resized dimensions are displayed in the Width and Length fields as usual.

Compare Part # 4 in all three images. From the first image we can tell by the <Info> field that both Width and Length have been resized though we don't know if they have been over sized or under sized. From the second image we learn that Part # 4 has been undersized in both Width and Length by 1/2". In the third image we see that the As Drawn dimensions are Width = 11" and Length = 18" while the under sized dimensions are Width = 10 1/2" and Length = 17 1/2".

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File Edit Parts Materials Layouts Settings View Tools Help

Parts Other Items Labor Layouts B.O.M. Reports Pricing Raw Materials

| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | <Info> |
|--------|--------------|------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|---------------------|
| 1 | Carcass | Back | 1 | 1/4" | 28 5/8" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(28 1/8") / L(30") |
| 2 | Carcass | Bottom Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 1" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L(27 3/8") |
| 3 | Carcass | Divider | 1 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(11") / L(27 1/2") |
| 4 | Carcass | Long Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 17 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(11") / L(18") |
| 5 | Carcass | Short Shelf | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 8 1/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(11") / L(8 5/8") |
| 6 | Carcass | Side | 2 | 3/4" | 11 3/4" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(11 1/4") / L(30") |
| 7 | Carcass | Top Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 2" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L(27 3/8") |
| 8 | Carcass | Top/Bottom | 2 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28 5/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(11") / L(28 1/8") |
| 9 | Face Frame | Center Stile | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/2" | 26" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 10 | Face Frame | Rail | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 25 5/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 11 | Face Frame | Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 3 1/8" | 30 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | L(30") |
| * | | (Click here to a | | | | | | | | | |

Toggles the Lock on the current project parts, B.O.M. and layouts

CAP NUM SCRL

Description Format

Look at the Description field in the previous three images. Notice that there are only component names in them; no other information. That is because the Left Side radio button is selected for the Description Format. Below is the same cut list as the first image but with the Left Side <Side> radio button selected.

Notice now that the Description field has a tag in angle brackets for some of the Part #'s. Part #'s 4 & 5 have a Shelf tag in the angle brackets which indicates a Component Type of Shelf. These Component Type tags are not part of the component name but rather they assist the Enable Auto-Swap feature to determine the appropriate grain direction. Notice the Length for Part # 5 is 8 1/8" while its Width is 10 1/2". The Enable Auto-Swap feature has determined the grain should run in the short dimension's direction and has automatically swapped the Length and Width to correct for this.

When the Left Side <Side> radio button is selected the component name in the Description field always appears before the / character and the Component Type after the /. If a component is not tagged with a Cabinet Mode attribute, or a Component Type has not been assigned, there will only be a component name in the description field.

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Parts Other Items Labor Layouts B.O.M. Reports Pricing Raw Materials

| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | <Info> |
|--------|--------------|----------------------------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------|
| 1 | Carcass | Back / <Back> | 1 | 1/4" | 28 5/8" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 2 | Carcass | Bottom Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 1" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L |
| 3 | Carcass | Divider / <Side> | 1 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 4 | Carcass | Long Shelf / <Shelf> | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 17 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 5 | Carcass | Short Shelf / <Shelf> | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 8 1/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 6 | Carcass | Side / <Side> | 2 | 3/4" | 11 3/4" | 30 1/2" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 7 | Carcass | Top Cleat | 1 | 3/4" | 2" | 27 7/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | L |
| 8 | Carcass | Top/Bottom / <Top> | 2 | 3/4" | 11 1/2" | 28 5/8" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W / L |
| 9 | Face Frame | Center Stile | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/2" | 26" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 10 | Face Frame | Rail | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 25 5/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | |
| 11 | Face Frame | Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 3 1/8" | 30 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | L |
| * | | (Click here to add a part) | | | | | | | | | |

For Help, press F1

CAP NUM SCRL

Notice in the above image that Part # 3 has a component name of Divider. This component is the dividing wall between two cabinet compartments, each with its own door. It has been assigned a Component Type of Side because Side will instruct CutList Bridge to treat its grain direction the same as a cabinet's side would be treated. This shows the difference between a component's name and a Component Type; again Component Types appear in angle brackets and have nothing to do with a component's name.

Sub-Assembly

On the Assign Attributes page is the Sub-Assembly field which can be used to assign Sub-Assembly names to a collection of parts. This name is then exported to CutList Plus fx and fills in the Sub-Assembly field in that application. This is most frequently used and an explicit method of assigning Sub-Assembly names.

Sometimes, however, it is more convenient and appropriate to implicitly assign Sub-Assembly names by using the layer name that the selected Component Instance(s) resides on. This name is then exported to CutList Plus fx and fills in the Sub-Assembly field in that application.

The former explicit method can be selected with the Component Group radio button. The latter implicit method can be selected with the Layer radio button. Either method can be saved as the default with the Save Field Format button.

Besides the obvious difference of the source of the Sub-Assembly name, there is another important difference between these two methods of assigning a Sub-Assembly name. Explicitly assigning a Sub-Assembly name is done using the Save Attributes button which saves the Sub-Assembly name to the Component Definition. If a cut list is exported using the Component Group method all instances (Component Instances) of that component will appear in that Sub-Assembly classification. No instances will appear in any other Sub-Assembly classification. The Copies field in CutList Plus fx will show the total number of Component Instances used in the model.

Implicitly assigning a Sub-Assembly name requires no action on the part of the user other than selecting this method. A Sub-Assembly name will be automatically generated by CutList Bridge for each layer that contains one of the selected Component Instances. When exporting to CutList Plus fx (or Excel) each Sub-Assembly classification will account for only the Component Instances that reside on that layer. Therefore the Copies field will reflect this number and as such will only be a partial accounting of the Component Instances used in the model. The Layer method is useful for models such as a stick frame house where there is no natural Sub-Assembly grouping. In this case a Component Definition of 2 x 4 x 8 may have instances (Component Instances) spread across a number of layers such as Cellar Stairs, 1st Floor Framing, 2nd Floor Framing, 2nd Floor Roof Rafters etc. Using the Layer method will account for all 2 x 4 x 8's on a layer by layer basis, the total 2 x 4 x 8s will be given by adding the Component Instances of each layer (which is done automatically by CutList Plus fx in the B.O.M.).

In the section of this User's Guide called Assigning Component Attributes to a Model I will discuss how these two methods can be used to advantage for three different types of models.

Initialize Attributes:

Initialize Attributes is a command that can be used to either set all components attributes to an initial known state before assigning attributes, or to return all components attributes to a known state after some or all attributes have been assigned. The two key points here are all components and known state. Initialize Attributes operates on all components in a model; they do not have to be selected. The known state is a Milled Part with blank attributes as shown in a. through p. on Page 20. This operation differs from Save Attributes on the Assign Attributes tab in two ways: Save Attributes only writes attributes to the selected components; and the contents of the Assign Attributes tab, while known (you can read it) is not always the same. The Initialize Attributes button always initializes to a Milled Part with blank attributes. You cannot change this, and hence it is a "known state".

The most useful use of Initialize Attributes is when you have just completed a model and are ready to assign attributes to components. At this point no component has a CutList Bridge attribute. So it is useful to set them all to the same and known state.

Assign Attributes Tab

The Assign Attributes Tab is where attributes are chosen or entered by the user. Attributes are added information about a component that is stored in the SketchUp model's file. This means that when a SketchUp model file is moved from one system to another these attributes are always available and its CutList Plus fx file does not need to follow it because it can always be regenerated on the current system. The attributes that can be assigned by CutList Bridge are those that can be assigned in CutList Plus fx and some additional attributes that make architectural cabinet design more efficient.

Attributes fall into two classes: Milled Parts and Other Items. These classes are selectable via radio buttons.

Common Attributes

Sub-Assembly, <Info> and Notes are attributes common to both classes, though <Info>'s format will change depending on whether Cabinet Mode is checked. Cabinet Mode is a sub-class of Milled Parts and is particularly useful for architectural cabinet design.

The screenshot shows the 'Extended Entity Info' dialog box with the 'Assign Attributes' tab selected. The dialog has four tabs: 'Assign Attributes', 'Lists', 'Columns', and 'Setup'. Under 'Common Attributes', there are input fields for 'Sub-Assembly:', '<Info>:', and 'Notes:'. Below these, the 'Milled Parts' radio button is selected. Under 'Milled Parts', there is a 'Material Type:' dropdown menu, 'Material Name:' and 'Banding:' input fields, and two checkboxes: 'Swap L/W?' and 'Can Rotate?'. The 'Cabinet Mode' checkbox is unchecked. Under 'Cabinet Mode', there are three input fields: 'Enable Auto-Swap?', 'Component Type:', 'Resize Width By:', and 'Resize Length By:'. The 'Other Items' radio button is also present, with an 'Item:' input field below it. A 'Save Attributes' button is at the bottom right. At the very bottom, a copyright notice reads: 'Copyright © 2008-2012 Joseph P. Zeh, Swamp Road Wood Works & Chiefwoodworker's Blog. All Rights Reserved.'

Milled Parts

Milled Parts are any component(s) milled or crafted in the shop.

Material Type

The component(s) can be made from Material Types chosen from a drop down box. The user can choose one of three Specified Types: Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber or a Sheet Good such as plywood. If the user chooses not to specify the Material Type in SketchUp he/she can choose one of two Unspecified Types - Primary Material or Secondary Material and the type of material will be assigned in CutList Plus fx.

Material Name

If one of the three Specified Types is chosen a Material Name drop down list will be available to assist in choosing the specified material name. These lists can be customized as will be explained in the Lists Tab section.

Banding

Milled Parts may be made of a sheet good that requires banding to hide an unfinished edge or to expose a desired material species. See the CutList Plus fx User's Manual for the acceptable input values. These values can be entered in the Banding input field.

Swap L/W

Normally the longest dimension of a Milled Part is considered the length, and hence the grain direction and CutList Bridge will instruct CutList Plus fx as such. However, sometimes it is desirable for the narrower dimension to be the grain direction. When this is desirable simply check Swap L/W.

Can Rotate

If a Material Type that has no grain is specified for a component (e.g. Melamine), or the component is not visible, it is useful to check Can Rotate. When Can Rotate is checked it signals CutList Plus fx that it can orient the component in the most optimum direction on the cutting diagram for minimizing material use.

Cabinet Mode

Cabinet Mode is useful when designing architectural cabinets. The architectural cabinet is basically a box with a back, sides, top, bottom and shelves. Regardless of component dimensions the grain direction is always the same; the back and sides have grain running in the vertical direction, the top, bottom and shelves have grain running in the side-to-side direction. Because cabinets can be of any size and shape component dimensions give no reliable hint as to the grain direction. In Cabinet Mode grain direction can be handled automatically when Enable Auto-Swap is checked. However, for this to function cabinet box components must be assigned the appropriate label using the Component Type drop down box.

The second major feature of Cabinet Mode is the ability to assign over or under sizing of a component in either the length or width. This is accomplished by supplying an appropriately signed Resize Width By or Resize Length By value. Positive values do not require a sign.

Enable Auto-Swap

When Cabinet Mode is checked a check box appears next to Enable Auto-Swap. Check Enable Auto-Swap and a drop down box will appear with five choices: Back, Bottom, Shelf, Side and Top. These are attributes that can be assigned to any of the cabinet's box components. These attributes should not be confused with a component's name; rather they are attributes that describe the function of the component and assist CutList Bridge in determining grain direction. If Enable Auto-Swap is checked all box components should be assigned an attribute.

Resizing Width and/or Length

It is sometimes useful to alter a cut list such that a component is over or undersized. For example, if you know you are going to band the edge of a plywood component with ¼" thick cherry hardwood you may want to cut it ¼" smaller than finished size. This can be accomplished with the Resize Width By and Resize Length By attributes; a negative number assignment means the component will be undersized and no sign means oversize.

Shelves typically require resizing. In order for Enable Auto-Swap to work, shelves must be drawn such that their side and back edges touch the side and back faces exactly. However, shelves are usually cut to be smaller than the cabinet cross sectional area to allow for shelf pins and clearance. To accomplish this under sizing is required.

Resizing accepts Imperial or Metric dimensions; see Valid Resizing Dimensions.

Other Items

Other Items is the second class of attributes. An Other Item is any component not made in the shop; drawer pulls, hinges, drawer slides, biscuits, pocket screws and dowels are all examples of purchased components. To include these in the CutList Plus fx Materials List check Other Items and in the attribute field enter the Item Name. If the Item is entered exactly as it appears in the Item Name in CutList Plus fx it will appear in the Other Items Material List correctly categorized. If not, it will be added to the [Not Categorized] list in the Raw Materials list and Other Items Materials List.

Save Attributes Button

When the Save Attributes button is clicked every attribute, including blanks (white space), is written to the selected components. There are two points you must keep in mind:

First, since attributes are assigned to Component Definitions, any selected Component Instance will cause its Component Definition to be assigned the displayed attributes at the time Save Attributes is clicked. So even if only one Component Instance is selected, all Component Instances belonging to the same Component Definition will have the same attributes.

Second, if you have selected several Component Definitions (via selected Component Instances), remember that the Assign Attributes page will be a mix of all equal attributes and Default Attributes. Clicking Save Attributes will write this collection of attribute to the selected components.



Lists Tab – Managing Material Type Lists

Generally, when entering a Material Name on the Assign Attributes tab a drop down list is used. There are three lists: Rough lumber, Dimensioned Lumber and Sheet Good. When you first install CutList Bridge a set of lists are provided. However, these lists are most useful when they represent exactly the sister lists in CutList Plus fx. The Lists Tab provides a several methods for editing and creating these lists and keeping them synchronized with CutList Plus fx.

For All List Operations:

Before attempting any list edit or creation first choose the desired list on the Lists tab by selecting it using the Material List drop down. The list chosen in this drop down will be the one operated on by Remove:, Add:, Restore List, Backup List or Create List.

To Edit a Material List:

A material can be removed or added to a list. To remove a material from the selected list first choose that material in the Remove: drop down and click on the Remove icon . To add a material to the selected list enter the material name in the Add: field and click the Add icon .

You cannot remove the blank entry. Attempting to do so will result in a warning message. You cannot add the same material twice. CutList Bridge ensures the list has only unique entries and that all entries are in alphabetical order.

To Restore or Backup a List:

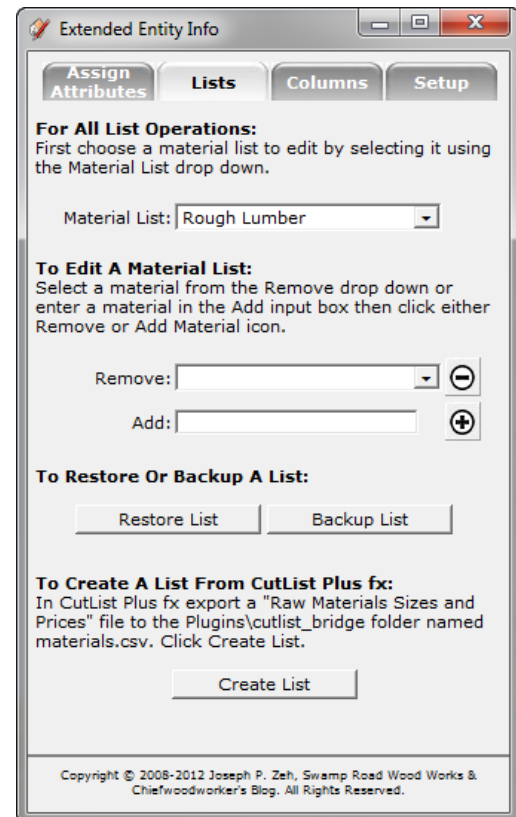
Before a list can be restored it must first be backed up. The lists that are provided when CutList Bridge is installed have backup files that can be restored without re-installation, provided changes have not been made and a Backup List executed. Once a change has been made to a list and a backup created the backup is the file that will be restored with a Restore List execution.

To back up a selected list simply click the Backup List button. To restore a list click the Restore List button.

To Create a List From CutList Plus fx:

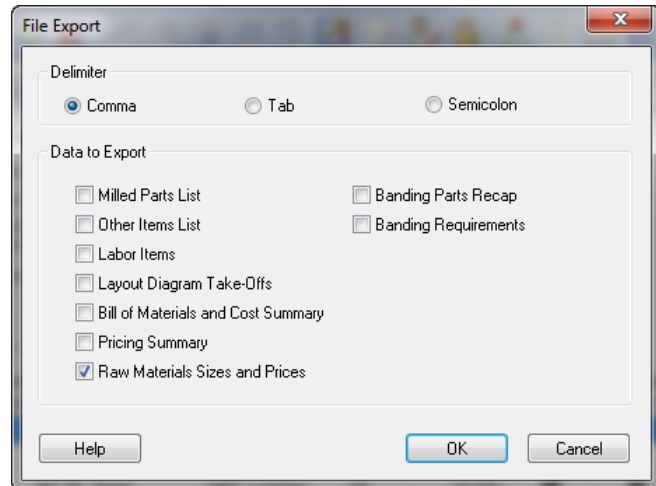
Most woodworkers or cabinet shops maintain a materials list in CutList Plus fx and wish to manage that list in the CutList Plus fx application. These lists can be imported to CutList Bridge. However, first they must be exported from CutList Plus fx; to accomplish this follow these instructions:

1. In CutList Plus fx choose the menu File/Export.....



The screenshot shows the 'Extended Entity Info' dialog box with the 'Lists' tab selected. The 'Material List' dropdown is set to 'Rough Lumber'. Below it, the 'Remove:' field has a dropdown arrow and a minus icon, and the 'Add:' field has a plus icon. At the bottom, there are 'Restore List' and 'Backup List' buttons. A 'Create List' button is also present. The footer contains copyright information: 'Copyright © 2008-2012 Joseph P. Zeh, Swamp Road Wood Works & Chiefwoodworker's Blog. All Rights Reserved.'

2. A File Export dialog box will open as show at right. Choose the Comma radio button as the Delimiter. Check only the “Raw Materials Sizes and Prices” check box. Press the OK button.
3. A dialog box will appear asking the user to supply a folder, file name and file type (file extension). You must name the file materials with an extension of .csv. See section Locating Your Plugins Folder on page 12 to determine the location of your Plugins folder and then save materials.csv in the the text_files folder as show below:



Plugins\cutlist_bridge\cutlist_bridge\text_files

That is where CutList Bridge will expect to find it.

On my Windows 8 operating system running SketchUp Pro 2014 my complete file path is as follows (the path is actually one line but Word is showing it spread across two lines):

C:\Users\Joe Zeh\AppData\Roaming\SketchUp\SketchUp
2014\SketchUp\Plugins\cutlist_bridge\cutlist_bridge\text_files\materials.csv

4. Press the Save button. An “Export was successful.” Message will appear. Click OK.

The above procedure will create the necessary file from which CutList Bridge lists can be culled and created. At this point any list chosen in the Material List drop down can be created using the Create List button. If a materials.csv file does not exist in the Plugins\cutlist_bridge folder when the Create List button is pressed an error message will appear. Follow the above instructions to correct this error.

General Comments about Material Lists

These lists and their backups can be found in the Plugins\cutlist_bridge\cutlist_bridge\text_files folder. They have the following names:

dimensioned_lumber_list.txt
dimensioned_lumber_list.bak
rough_lumber_list.txt
rough_lumber_list.bak
sheet_goods_list.txt
sheet_goods_list.bak

These files are text files and can be edited with a text editor such as Notepad. However, it is highly recommended that you do not edit them this way; rather use the editing and creation features provided

by CutList Bridge. These files and their correct operation are very sensitive to character types and placement. For example, a misuse of an apostrophe type or character set will cause errors.

When attributes are exported and subsequently imported into CutList Plus fx, the Material Name attributes will be compared with the Material Names which exist in CutList Plus fx; if they are found those materials will be assigned to the appropriate component. If a Material Name is not found to exist in CutList Plus fx it will be added to the appropriate Material Type list in CutList Plus fx. However, it is then the responsibility of the user to go into the CutList Plus fx Raw Materials tab and enter the appropriate dimensions, cost, inventory and other parameters.

Columns Tab – Choosing Columns and their Order

The Columns tab has fifteen drop down boxes. Each one has the same list of fifteen choices plus a blank choice. The selection the user makes in the Column 1: drop down box will be the heading for columns A in the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet and it will be placed in cell A1. The selection for Column 2: will be the heading for column B in the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet and it will be placed in cell B1. Likewise for each selection up to and including Column 15: which will be the heading for column O in the Microsoft Excel spreadsheet and it will be placed in cell O1. Below each column heading the data for that heading will be placed in cells starting with row 2 and going to row N where N is the number of Component Definitions selected for exporting.

Note that the user can select any selection and in any order, including blank(s), when making Column selections. If a blank is chosen a blank column heading with blank cells will be placed in that column's position. The user can also choose to use duplicate selections, though doing so is likely not useful.

Each time the user makes a selection all selections are saved so that the next time Extended Entity Info is opened the Columns tab is restored to the last selections.

IMPORTANT:

There is one column you are likely to always want to choose; when selected the Materials Type selection will instruct CutList Bridge to format the Excel spreadsheet in a much more useful way; grouping imported information in groups of Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber, Sheet Good, Other and Uncategorized. The latter group will only appear for components which have not been assigned a Material Type attribute. See Microsoft Excel – Exporting and Importing near the end of this User's Guide for more details.

Assigning Component Attributes to a Model

When a component is selected with the Select Tool the user can right click to access the Context Menu and choose Extended Entity Info to open its dialog box and make edits. The first time this occurs for any Component Instance of a Component (Definition) the fields are populated with the default inputs because no attributes have been assigned. The exception is if the user clicked the Initialize Attributes button on the Setup page. Doing so is good practice since it ensures that all components start off with a clean slate of known state.

Before assigning attributes to a new model think first about what type of model it is, how you want to use the Sub-Assembly classification, what materials will be used in the build of the model and finally think ahead about how to assign attributes such that the task of doing so can be minimized. I will suggest some strategies that have worked for me by considering three examples: a furniture piece constructed mainly of rough lumber cherry; a kitchen cabinet set constructed primarily of maple plywood with dimensioned cherry used for face frames and doors; a stick frame house.

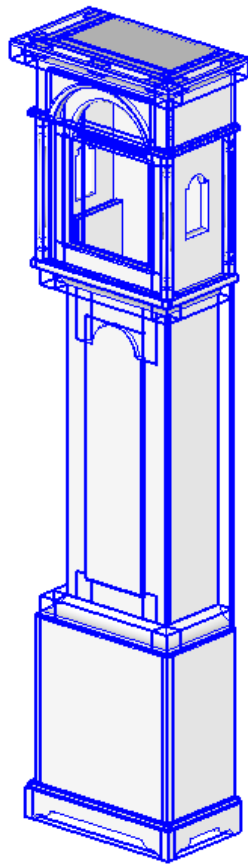
Each of these examples requires a different strategy because of the different nature of each. Furniture and kitchen cabinets share the notion of Sub-Assembly; that is you build drawers and face frames separate from the box or carcass. In a house you do not build the bedrooms and kitchen separate from the 1st or 2nd floor framing (though in pre-fab houses you may have panels as Sub-Assemblies). In addition to Sub-Assemblies, kitchen cabinets may share components from one cabinet to the next, such as doors, even perhaps if the cabinet boxes themselves are different size. Considering these issues can make attribute assigning rather easy and quick.

Note: In each of the following model types and strategies, prior to beginning assigning of attributes I use the Initialize Attributes button on the Setup page.



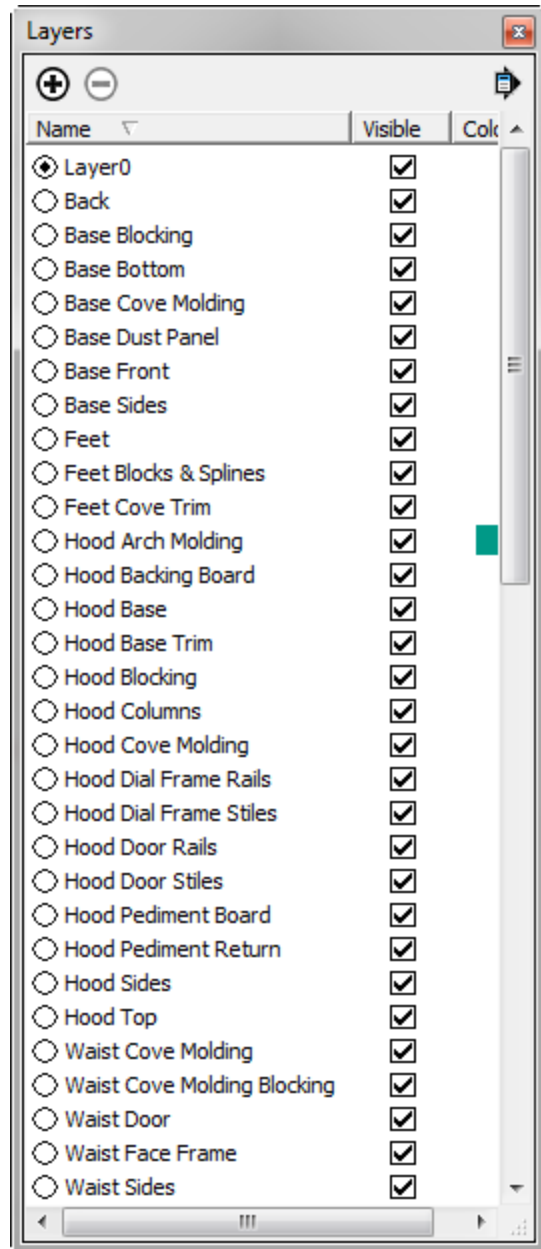
Assigning Attributes to a Furniture Piece

The furniture piece we will consider is a Shaker Tall Clock. Tall clocks have four primary Sub-Assemblies: the feet, base, waist and hood. Our clock will be constructed using primarily rough lumber cherry. Because of cherries rather high cost we will use yellow poplar for all parts that are not visible including the back since tall clocks are always against a wall.



The picture at right shows all the layers (except exploded and dimension layers) used to model this clock. To aid in assigning attributes and speed visual recognition of parts making up the Sub-Assemblies I have preceded the name of each layer with the Sub-Assembly name the part belongs to. For example, there are four lathe turned columns that are part of the hood. They can be found on the layer named Hood Columns.

The first thing I do is to select the entire model and assign Rough Lumber as the Material Type, and Cherry for Material Name, to all components. This is because there are far more cherry components than yellow poplar.



Next, with the aid of the layer names, I choose all layers of a Sub-Assembly type, one type at a time: Feet, Base, Hood, and Waist. I select all the components that are displayed in the SketchUp window. Since all components have been assigned Rough Lumber, Cherry they will all appear with these attributes in the Assign Attributes page with the rest of the attributes blank. I enter the Sub-Assembly name and click Save Attributes again. Before moving on to the next Sub-Assembly layers, I first de-select all layers of the current Sub-Assembly selection that contain only Cherry parts. When I have completed this I am left with a selection of parts that are not Cherry; if not, I de-select any remaining Cherry parts. Now I am left with only parts that are yellow poplar. I change the Material Name to Yellow Poplar and click Save Attributes.

I next repeat this process for the remaining three Sub-Assemblies. The only thing left is to select individual parts that need special Notes or Info. I may also want to use some of the Cabinet Mode features on one or more parts. The door is a part where I many want to use the Resize feature. Even though we know the exact dimensions of the door per the model, often we want to oversize the door and cut it to final dimension when we have completed the waist and can measure the opening. The Cabinet Mode, while used primarily on cabinets, is often useful for other types of designs.

The resulting CutList Plus fx cut list is shown below. There are 49 parts and not all could be shown in this image.

| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | <Info> |
|--------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| 1 | Back | Back | 1 | 1/2" | 1' 5 1/2" | 6' 9" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 2 | Base | Base Block | 10 | 1" | 1" | 2" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 3 | Base | Base Dust Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 7 1/8" | 1' 2 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 4 | Base | Base Front | 1 | 3/4" | 1' 6" | 1' 7 1/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 5 | Base | Base Front Cove Molding | 1 | 2" | 2 1/16" | 1' 5 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 6 | Base | Base Side | 2 | 3/4" | 10 1/2" | 1' 7 1/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 7 | Base | Base Side Cove Molding | 2 | 2" | 2 1/16" | 10 1/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 8 | Base | Glue Block | 2 | 1 5/8" | 4" | 9 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 9 | Base | Mortise Base | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 10 1/8" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 10 | Base | Tenon Base | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 1' 4 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 11 | Feet | Back Foot | 1 | 3/4" | 3" | 1' 7" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 12 | Feet | Feet Block | 2 | 1" | 2 3/4" | 2 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 13 | Feet | Feet Spline | 2 | 1/4" | 3/4" | 3 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Yellow Poplar | |
| 14 | Feet | Front Feet Cove Trim | 1 | 1/2" | 1/2" | 1' 7" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 15 | Feet | Front Foot | 1 | 1" | 3 1/4" | 1' 7 1/2" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 16 | Feet | Side Feet Cove Trim | 2 | 1/2" | 1/2" | 11" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 17 | Feet | Side Foot | 2 | 1" | 3 1/4" | 11 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 18 | Hood | Bottom Hood Dial Frame Rail | 1 | 5/16" | 2" | 1' 2 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 19 | Hood | Bottom Hood Door Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/8" | 1' 2 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 20 | Hood | Front Hood Base Trim | 1 | 5/8" | 13/16" | 1' 6 31/64" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 21 | Hood | Front Hood Cove Molding | 1 | 2" | 2 1/16" | 1' 9 5/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 22 | Hood | Hood Arch Molding | 1 | 5/8" | 5 11/16" | 1' 2 3/32" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 23 | Hood | Hood Backing Board | 1 | 1 1/8" | 8 1/4" | 1' 3 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 24 | Hood | Hood Base Mortise | 1 | 3/4" | 2" | 1' 5 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 25 | Hood | Hood Base Tenon | 2 | 3/4" | 2" | 9 5/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 26 | Hood | Hood Blocking | 2 | 9/16" | 3 3/4" | 6 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 27 | Hood | Hood Column | 4 | 15/16" | 15/16" | 1' 3 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 28 | Hood | Hood Cove Molding Block | 7 | 1 3/32" | 1 3/32" | 2" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 29 | Hood | Hood Dial Frame Stile | 2 | 5/16" | 2 7/8" | 2' | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 30 | Hood | Hood Door Stile | 2 | 13/16" | 1 13/16" | 1' 5 29/64" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 31 | Hood | Hood Front Molding | 2 | 5/8" | 5/8" | 2 55/64" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 32 | Hood | Hood Pediment Board | 1 | 7/8" | 8 1/4" | 1' 5 5/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 33 | Hood | Hood Pediment Return | 2 | 7/8" | 8 1/4" | 10 1/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 34 | Hood | Hood Side | 2 | 3/4" | 9 7/16" | 2' 1/2" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 35 | Hood | Hood Side Molding | 2 | 5/8" | 5/8" | 10 15/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |
| 36 | Hood | Hood Top | 1 | 3/4" | 8" | 1' 3 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | |

Assigning Attributes to Kitchen Cabinets

The strategy for assigning attributes to a kitchen cabinet is very similar to the furniture piece just described. The major sub-assemblies might be: Base Cabinet, Door, Drawer, Face Frame and Ladder Frame. Base Cabinet would include all the box components such as sides, top, bottom, back, divider(s) and shelf (shelves). It would also include structural components such as stretchers. The Door sub-assembly would include the rails, stiles, panels and any shop made components that attach to the door. Similarly the Drawer sub-assembly would include the drawer sides, back, front, bottom and finished front. The Face Frame would include all finish frames and panels that cover the front or sides of the Base Cabinet sub-assembly. The Ladder Frame would include the ladder frame rough structure and applied finish material.



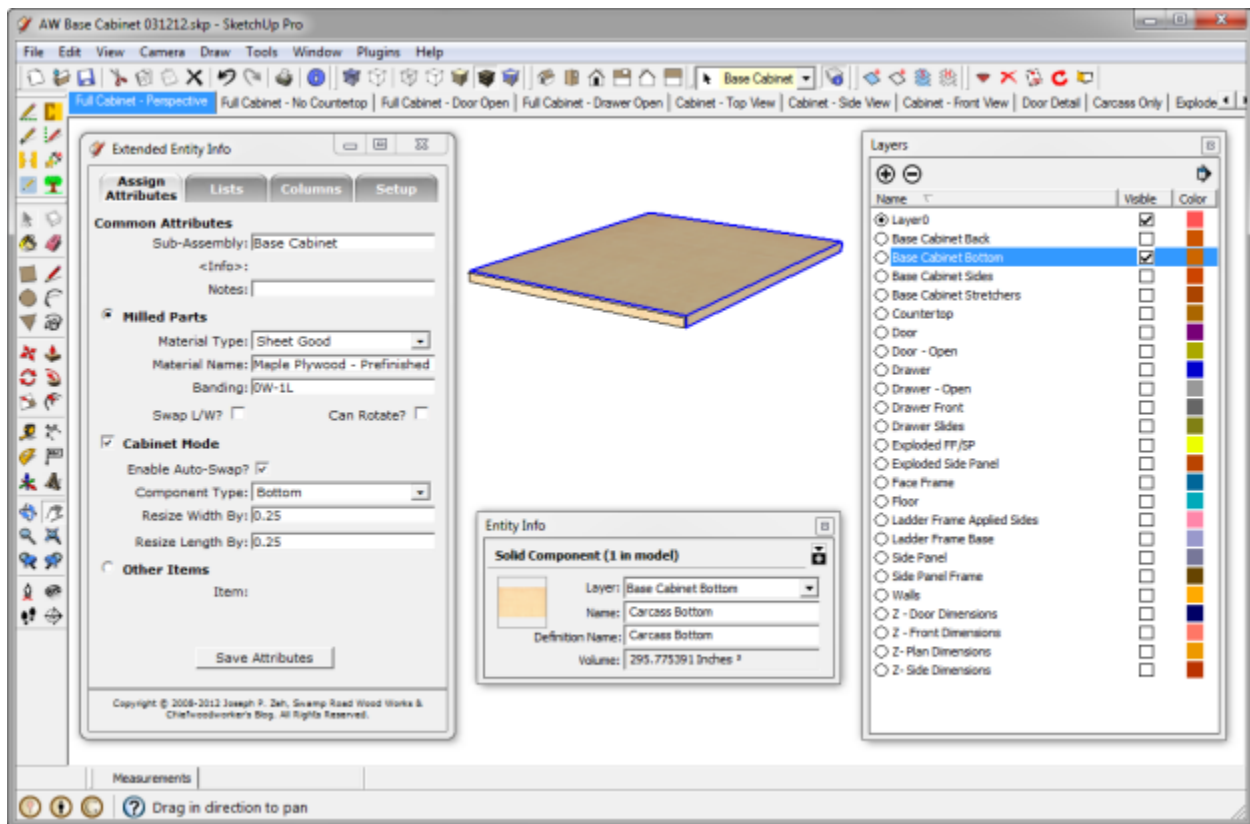
The major difference between furniture pieces and architectural cabinets is the extensive use of the Cabinet Mode features. These features can be used in any model, furniture, cabinet or buildings, though they are primarily used in architectural cabinet design.

Base Cabinet Sub-Assembly

The top, sides, bottom, back and shelves of the base cabinet sub-assembly require special attention if Cabinet Mode is to be employed. Enable Auto-Swap requires that the top, sides, bottom, back and shelves components be tagged with an appropriate Component Type of Back, Bottom, Shelf, Side or Top. Enable Auto-Swap will then have the information it needs to adjust the dimensions that appear in the Width and Length columns to assure proper layout on sheet material for correct grain direction.

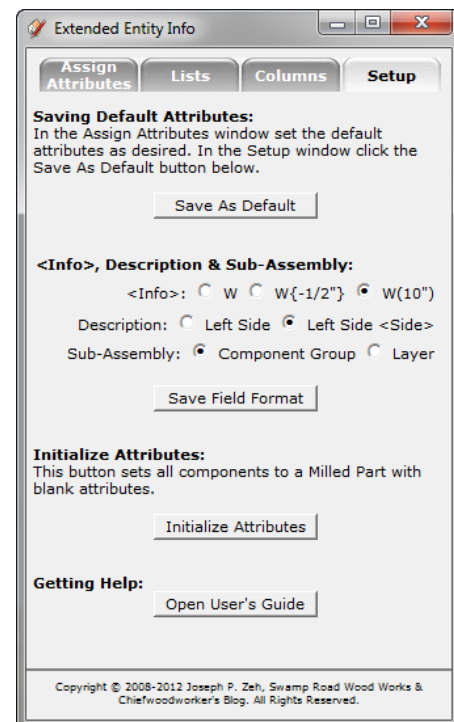
In the image at the top of the next page only layer Base Cabinet Bottom is selected (Layer0 is always selected). You can see in the Entity Info box that component (Definition Name) Base Cabinet Bottom is selected, which means it is the only selected entity, therefore the Extended Entity Info box is displaying its attributes. Note that it is part of the Base Cabinet Sub-Assembly, made of Sheet Good Maple Plywood – Prefinished, Banding applied along one Length dimension and no Width dimension, Enable Auto-Swap is selected, the Component Type is Bottom and it is to be cut $\frac{1}{4}$ " larger than finished dimension in both Width and Length.

Since Resize is a positive number (no sign means positive) the cut dimension shown in the Width and Length column will be large than the finished dimension. See Part # 2 in the finished cut list. Compare the dimensions in the Width and Length column to the finished dimension in the <Info> column. Note also that the Length dimension for Part # 2 is longer than its Width dimension demonstrating that Enable Auto-Swap has corrected for grain direction.



There are a few other things you might want to notice in the finished cut list on the next page. The Sub-Assembly column displays the Sub-Assembly names which were explicitly assigned in CutList Bridge. The Description column is appended with the Component Type assigned in the Cabinet Mode section of the Assign Attributes page of CutList Bridge. The <Info> column includes the finished dimensions for those parts that were assigned Resize increments. These display options were chosen on the Setup page of CutList Bridge in the <Info>, Description & Sub-Assembly section shown right.

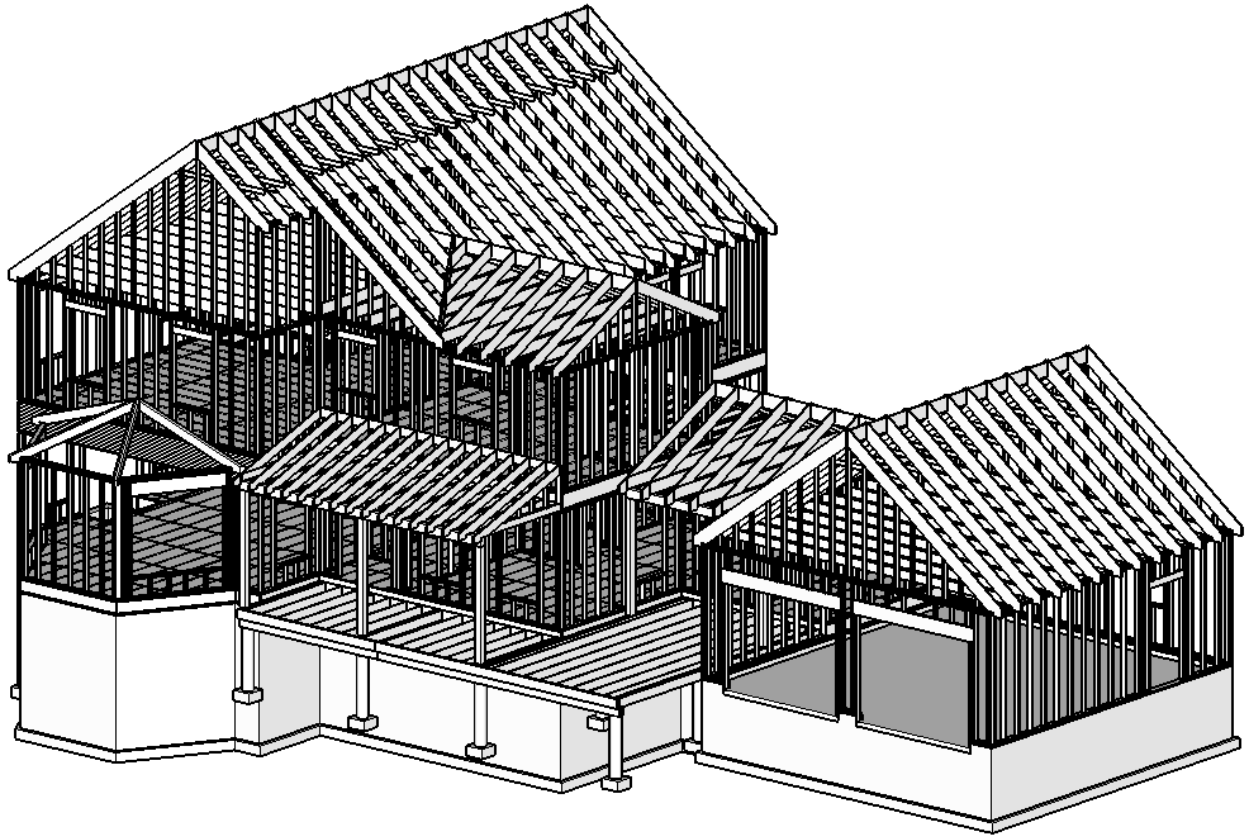
Two final observations are worth noting on the finished cut list. First look at Part #s 25, 26 and 27. The designer explicitly assigned Can Rotate by checking the Can Rotate? checkbox in the Milled Parts section of the Assign Attributes page. This is because they are unseen so grain direction doesn't matter, and doing so may save material in the cut diagrams. Second, since I keep my CutList Plus fx and CutList Bridge material lists synchronized and up to date, when I import the .csv file into CutList Plus fx all I need do is choose the Layouts tab once to generate layouts and then return to the Parts tab and I have a filled in Diagram #s column.



| Untitled - Cutlist Plus fx [Registered to: Joseph Zeh] | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--------------|
| <div> <div> File Edit Parts Materials Layouts Settings View Tools Help </div> <div> </div> </div> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <div> <div>Parts</div> <div>Other Items</div> <div>Labor</div> <div>Layouts</div> <div>B.O.M.</div> <div>Reports</div> <div>Pricing</div> <div>Raw Materials</div> </div> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Part # | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | <Info> | Diagram #s |
| 1 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Back / <Back> | 1 | 1/2" | 19 5/8" | 30 3/4" | Sheet Good | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(19 3/8") | D1 |
| 2 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom / <Bottom> | 1 | 3/4" | 22 5/16" | 18 1/8" | Sheet Good | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | <input type="checkbox"/> | 0W-1L | W(22 1/16") / L(17 7/8") | E1 |
| 3 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom Edging | 1 | 1/8" | 3/4" | 17 7/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | Maple | N/A | N/A | | F2 |
| 4 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Side / <Side> | 2 | 3/4" | 22 7/16" | 30 3/4" | Sheet Good | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | W(22 3/16") | E1 |
| 5 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Stretchers | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/8" | Sheet Good | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | L(17 7/8") | E1 |
| 6 | Door | Door Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 17 29/32" | Sheet Good | Cherry Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | | B1 |
| 7 | Door | Door Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 22 21/32" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 8 | Door | Lower Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 3 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 9 | Door | Upper Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 10 | Drawer | Drawer Bottom | 1 | 1/4" | 16 3/4" | 20 1/2" | Sheet Good | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | | C1 |
| 11 | Drawer | Drawer F/B | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 17 1/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | Maple | N/A | N/A | | F1, F2 |
| 12 | Drawer | Drawer Front | 1 | 3/4" | 5 5/16" | 17 11/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 13 | Drawer | Drawer Side | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 20 3/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | Maple | N/A | N/A | | F1, F2 |
| 14 | Face Frame | FF Mid Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1" | 17 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 15 | Face Frame | FF Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 17 7/8" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 16 | Face Frame | Front Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 17 | Face Frame | Left FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 18 | Face Frame | Lower Side Panel Rail#1 | 1 | 13/16" | 3 1/4" | 20 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 19 | Face Frame | Rear Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 20 | Face Frame | Right FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 21 | Face Frame | Side Panel Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 20 1/4" | 27 1/2" | Sheet Good | Cherry Plywood | <input type="checkbox"/> | None | | B1 |
| 22 | Face Frame | Upper Side Panel Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 20 1/4" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 23 | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Front | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 19 15/16" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 24 | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Side | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 21" | Rough Lumber | Cherry | N/A | N/A | | |
| 25 | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base F/B | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 7/16" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | | A1 |
| 26 | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Side | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 1/4" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | | A1 |
| 27 | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Stretcher | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/4" | Sheet Good | Birch Plywood | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | None | | A1 |
| * | | (Click here to add a part) | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | CAP NUM SCRL |

Assigning Attributes to a Residential Home Model

Assigning attributes to a residential home model is simply a matter of filling in the Assign Attributes page and clicking Save Attributes at the bottom of the page. However, there are hundreds of components in a design such as a residential home model. So what is a designer/modeler to do?



Remember the basics:

1. When attributes are assigned to a Component Instance those attributes are actually assigned to the Component Definition to which the selected component Instance belongs. The next time this Component Instance or an instance of the same Component Definition is selected, these attributes will be displayed.
2. Whether only one Component Instance is chosen, or multiple Component Instances of the same Component Definition are chosen, the Assign Attributes page will display their attributes, unless no attributes have been assigned, in which case default attributes will be displayed.

To deal with assigning attributes to the number of components in a model such as this it is important to have a good naming convention. With a good naming convention you can then use the Filter function of the Outliner dialog box to select the desired components. So let me describe what I used for a naming convention on this model.

Part # naming, or more precisely Component Definition naming

Component naming requires a convention that both helps the modeler and takes into account the resulting cut list. I came up with a naming convention I feel reasonably good about, but I suspect a real builder or architect could improve it significantly. First I realized that only the Component Definition name was useful. The unique Component Instance name is not. Think about it. Do you want to assign a unique Component Instance name to over five hundred 2 x 4s precut to 92 5/8"? I don't. So I left all Component Instance names blank.

I wanted a naming convention that would describe each component in as much detail as possible, so here is what I came up with.

2 x 4 x 15 11 1/2 is the Component Definition name for a 2 x 4 cut to 15' 11 1/2". If a 2 x 6 is cut to 3' 5 1/2", its name is 2 x 6 x 3 5 1/2. But what about a 2 x 8 cut to 3' 3/4"? Or a cripple stud cut to 6 1/8"? The 2 x 8 would be named 2 x 8 x 3 3/4. Whenever a length includes an interger nubmer of feet and only a fraction of an inch it is named this way. If this same 2 x 8 were cut to 3 3/4" (can't imagine this) it would be named 2 x 8 x 0 3 3/4. The 0 indicates no integer feet. The cripple stud is generally a 2 x 4, and those over a door or window just above the header are usually very short. The cripple stud cut to 6 1/8" would then be named 2 x 4 x 0 6 1/8. With this naming convention defined here are some snippets of a cut list for this home construction.

| Parts Other Items Labor Layouts B.O.M. Reports Pricing Raw Materials | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|---|--------|--------|---------|--------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Part # | Description | / | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name |
| 1 | 1 3/4 x 11 7/8 x 8 11 LVL | | 4 | 1 3/4" | 11 7/8" | 8' 11" | Dimensioned Lumber | LVL |
| 2 | 1 3/4 x 11 7/8 x 9 8 LVL | | 4 | 1 3/4" | 11 7/8" | 9' 8" | Dimensioned Lumber | LVL |
| 3 | 1 3/4 x 11 7/8 x 19 4 LVL | | 6 | 1 3/4" | 11 7/8" | 19' 4" | Dimensioned Lumber | LVL |
| 4 | 1 3/4 x 11 7/8 x 20 LVL | | 8 | 1 3/4" | 11 7/8" | 20' | Dimensioned Lumber | LVL |
| 5 | 2 x 4 x 0 2 7/16 18.4D | | 2 | 1 1/2" | 2 7/16" | 3 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 13 | 2 x 4 x 0 6 1/8 | | 88 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 6 1/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 14 | 2 x 4 x 0 7 1/16 60D Notched | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 7 1/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 15 | 2 x 4 x 0 7 9/16 | | 3 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 7 9/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 274 | 2 x 6 x 7 6 1/2 PT | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 5 1/2" | 7' 6 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 6 PT |
| 275 | 2 x 6 x 7 10 1/2 18.4D | | 16 | 1 1/2" | 5 1/2" | 7' 10 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 6 |
| 276 | 2 x 6 x 7 11 60D PT | | 2 | 1 1/2" | 5 1/2" | 7' 11" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 6 PT |
| 277 | 2 x 6 x 8 4 3/16 60D PT | | 4 | 1 1/2" | 5 1/2" | 8' 4 11/64" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 6 PT |
| 299 | 2 x 8 x 9 1 15/16 Deck Rafter | | 16 | 1 1/2" | 7 1/4" | 9' 1 15/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 8 |
| 300 | 2 x 8 x 11 1 PT | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 7 1/2" | 11' 1" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 8 PT |
| 301 | 2 x 8 x 11 5 1/2 PT | | 6 | 1 1/2" | 7 1/4" | 11' 5 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 8 |
| 302 | 2 x 8 x 11 8 1/2 PT | | 3 | 1 1/2" | 7 1/4" | 11' 8 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 8 |
| 352 | 2 x 10 x 11 9 | | 10 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 11' 9" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 353 | 2 x 10 x 11 10 1/2 | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 11' 10 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 354 | 2 x 10 x 12 | | 25 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 12' | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 355 | 2 x 10 x 12 2 1/8 60D | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 12' 2 1/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 378 | 2 x 12 x 9 7 7/16 | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 9' 7 7/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 379 | 2 x 12 x 10 | | 4 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 10' | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 380 | 2 x 12 x 10 2 | | 1 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 10' 2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 381 | 2 x 12 x 10 2 27/32 | | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 10' 2 27/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |

Part #s 1 through 4 are laminated veneer lumber (LVL). LVL is an engineered wood product that uses multiple layers of thin wood assembled with adhesives. It comes in numerous dimensions and up to 32' long. Advantages are its strength, don't warp and can be assembled into multi-width beams at the job site. Here I am using a sandwich of 4 at four different lengths.

Part #s 5 & 13 through 15 are 2 x 4s. Notice Part # 5 has 18.4D appended to it. This indicates the length includes a miter or bevel cut of 18.4 degrees. The value of this additional information is a little suspect because it is unlikely the carpenter will be making 2 x 4 cuts looking at this list. However, I have studied a number of architectural drawing set's materials list and have found notations like this. So I have included them in the Component Definition naming here. Another such label is the 60D Notched which indicates that in addition to a 60 degree miter or bevel cut there is a notch that must be cut into the component. PT in the Component Definition name stands for Pressure Treated lumber.

There are over 500 different components in this design so far and some of those have over 500 instances. In the cut list column called Material Name is the base name of the component: LVL, 2 x 4, 2 x 6 PT etc. The Copies column is the number of instances of a component listed in the Description column. Notice there is no Sub-Assembly column. I will address this in a moment.

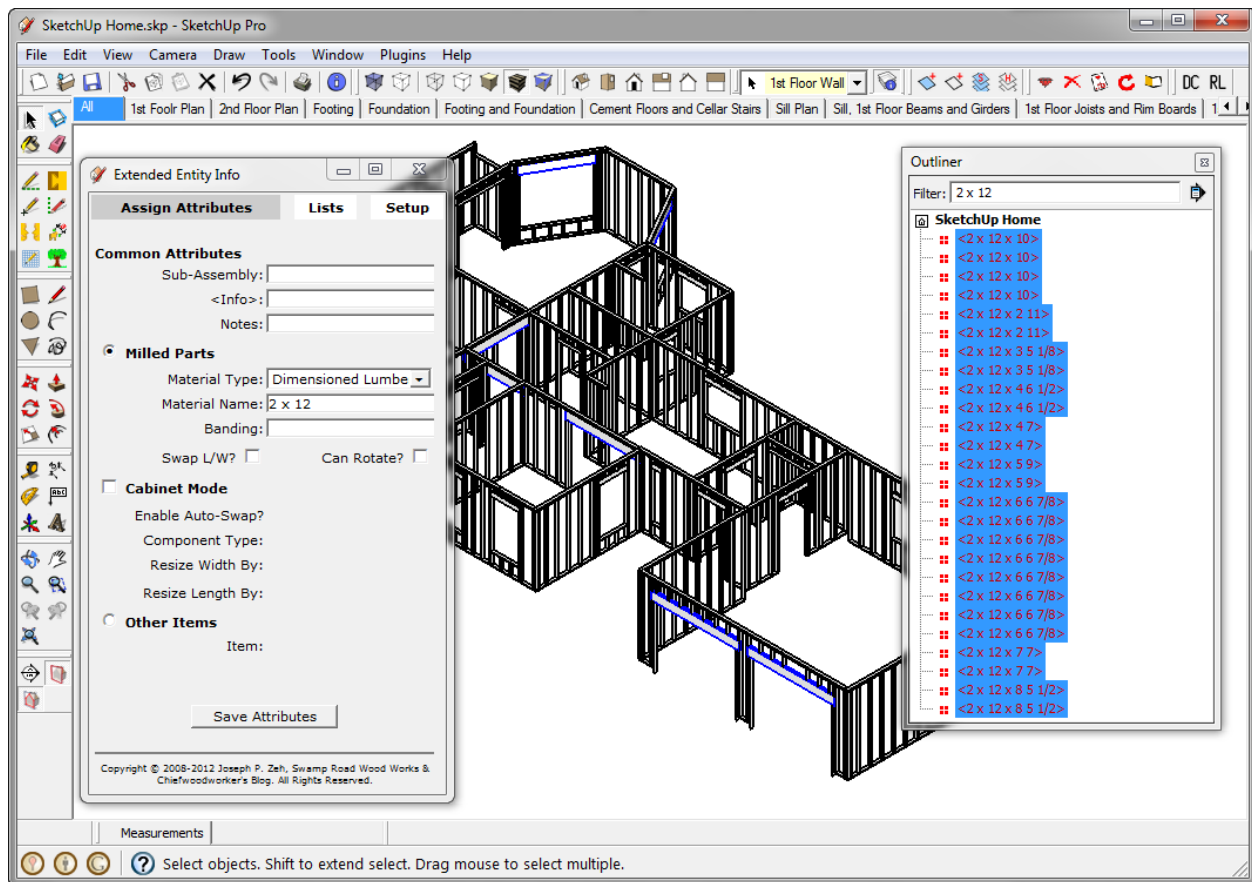
Using the Outliner Dialog Box to Assign Material Type and Material Name

Outline can be a big help when assigning attributes to a very large model such as this one. In this model layers are chosen and organized the way a house might be built. Footings first on the House Footing and Garage Footing layers, followed by a foundation on the Foundation layer, Followed by sills on the Sill layer etc. Using layers this way for building construction is both natural and useful as you will see shortly. It also helps when assigning attributes.

Begin assigning attributes only when a layer is complete (i.e. you are sure nothing more will be added to that layer) and assign them one layer at a time. Open the Outliner dialog box and use the Filter feature to pick all components with the same Material Type and Material Name. Leave all other attributes blank including Sub-Assembly. In the picture at the top of the next page I have made only layer 1st Floor Wall Frame visible. On it are a combination of 2 x 4s, 2 x 6s, 2x 8s, 2x 10s and 2 x 12s. In the Outliner Filter I entered 2 x 12 and then selected everything that appeared in the Outliner box. This selected all 2 x 12s, regardless of length, used in 1st floor rough framing. In the Extended Entity Info dialog box, on the Assign Attributes page I selected Dimensioned Lumber as the Material Type and 2 x 12 as the Material Name.

Another helpful trick to deal with a layer as populated with various material types as this layer is to create an empty Temp layer. After assigning the Material Type and Material Name to a selection, and while that selection is still active move those assigned Component Instances (all selected) to the Temp layer, leaving only those components which still need attributes assigned.

In this example after assigning Dimensioned Lumber and 2 x 12 to the selection I could move all 2 x 12s to the Temp layer and then continue my task of assigning attributes to the remaining components. When the visible layer 1st Floor Wall Frame is completed move the entire contents of layer Temp back to 1st Floor Wall Frame. The combination of strategically using layers, the Outliner and a Temp layer this way dramatically shortens the time to assign attributes to a large model.

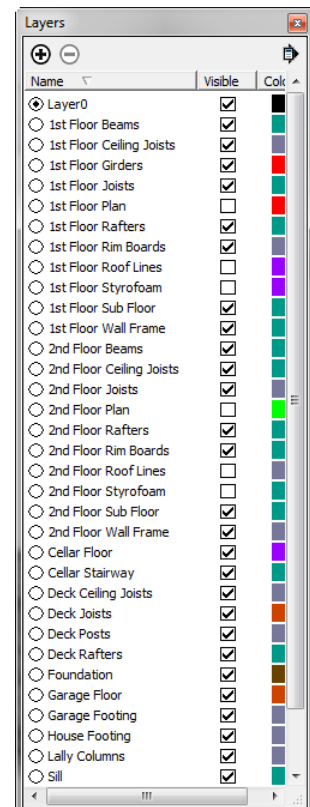


Sorting Part #s by Sub-Assembly

As mentioned earlier, most architect or builders do not organize their parts or materials on construction drawings by Sub-Assembly names, though this may be true for pre-fab home construction. Usually they organize their drawings by layer in a 3D CAD application. In this model I did just that.

For example, all first floor rough framing, from sole plate to top plate, exists on a layer called 1st Floor Wall Frame. All tongue and groove sub-floor plywood used on the first floor is on a layer called 1st Floor Sub Floor. Similarly floor joists, ceiling joists and rafters are all on their own layer. Now, if I could only turn these layer names into Sub-Assembly names on my CutList Plus fx cut list, I could sort material needs (and perhaps purchase and delivery) by each major step in construction. By purchasing and ordering this way I don't have to order all 2 x 4s used in the entire house construction and have most of them sitting in weather for months warping away.

CutList Bridge provides the option of using SketchUp layer names as the Sub-Assembly names in CutList Plus fx (or Excel). Using this CutList Bridge feature to export the SketchUp Home cut list to CutList Plus fx produces the results



shown in the following figure. Because of the length of this list I have cut out numerous line items.

| Parts Other Items Labor Layouts B.O.M. Reports Pricing Raw Materials | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|---|---|--------|--------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Part # | Sub-Assembly | / | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Type | Material Name |
| 345 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 7 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 7' 3 3/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 346 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 7 10 31/32 36.9D | 4 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 7' 10 31/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 347 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 8 | 19 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 8' | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 348 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 8 10 31/32 36.9D | 4 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 8' 10 31/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 349 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 9 10 31/32 36.9D | 4 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 9' 10 31/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 350 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 10 11 1/8 | 3 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 10' 11 1/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 351 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 11 10 3/8 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 11' 10 3/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 352 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 13 8 1/4 | 1 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 13' 8 1/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 353 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 4 x 15 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/2" | 3 1/2" | 15' 3/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 4 |
| 354 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 10 x 2 1 21/64 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 2' 1 21/64" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 355 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 10 x 5 5 37/64 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 5' 5 37/64" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 356 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 10 x 8 8 29/32 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 8' 8 29/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 357 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 10 x 9 5 53/64 | 10 | 1 1/2" | 9 1/4" | 9' 5 53/64" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 10 |
| 358 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 7 9 19/32 | 3 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 7' 9 19/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 359 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 10 2 27/32 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 10' 2 27/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 360 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 12 6 5/8 | 1 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 12' 6 5/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 361 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 14 6 13/16 Notched | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 14' 6 13/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 362 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 16 2 13/16 Notched | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 16' 2 13/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 363 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 17 10 13/16 Notched | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 17' 10 13/16" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 364 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 19 3 27/64 Notched | 1 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 19' 3 27/64" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 365 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 19 6 | 2 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 19' 6" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 366 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 19 9 11/32 | 32 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 19' 9 11/32" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 367 | 2nd Floor Rafters | | 2 x 12 x 20 3 1/2 | 1 | 1 1/2" | 11 1/4" | 20' 3 1/2" | Dimensioned Lumber | 2 x 12 |
| 368 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 3 | 2 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 3' | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 369 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 7 9 3/4 | 1 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 7' 9 3/4" | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 370 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 9 | 1 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 9' | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 371 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 9 5 7/8 | 1 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 9' 5 7/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 372 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 10 | 2 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 10' | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 373 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 11 10 7/8 | 1 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 11' 10 7/8" | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 374 | 2nd Floor Rim Boards | | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 12 | 7 | 1 1/8" | 11 7/8" | 12' | Dimensioned Lumber | FSRB |
| 375 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 1 x 1 5 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 1 | 3/4" | 1' | 1' 5 3/4" | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 376 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 1 x 8 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 1 | 3/4" | 1' | 8' | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 377 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 2 1 1/4 x 7 4 1/2 T&G Sub Floor Plywood Notched | 1 | 3/4" | 2' 1 5/8" | 7' 4 1/2" | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 378 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 2 1 1/4 x 7 7 1/2 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 1 | 3/4" | 2' 1 5/8" | 7' 7 1/2" | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 379 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 2 1 1/4 x 8 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 3 | 3/4" | 2' 1 5/8" | 8' | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 380 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 2 x 3 7 1/2 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 1 | 3/4" | 2' | 3' 7 1/2" | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |
| 381 | 2nd Floor Sub Floor | | 3/4 x 2 x 4 1/2 T&G Sub Floor Plywood | 1 | 3/4" | 2' | 3' 4 1/2" | Sheet Good | 3/4 T&G Sub Floor Plywood |

Download SketchUp models for your own Attribute Assignment practice

You can download the models used in this User's Guide to practice attribute assignment or to see how CutList Bridge can be used. Open one of these models and open the Extended Entity Info dialog box. Select one component at a time and note the attribute assignments. Each model uses CutList Bridge slightly differently, so it may be useful to examine all three models.

SketchUp Home

The current state of this model, which I call SketchUp Home, is available at [SketchUp Home model download](#). Feel free to view it, modify it, criticize it or otherwise use it EXCEPT build from it. I am not an architect or builder and make no claims as to the correctness of design or use of this model for construction purposes. This is an exercise in SketchUp modeling and should be treated as such.

All attributes have been assigned in this model you will download. Before changing them or initializing the mode with Initialize Attributes examine them to see how I assigned attributes. Also consider making a CutList Plus fx or Excel cut list first. This step will add all building materials used in this model to CutList Plus fx. Then you can use the Create List button to synchronize the lists in CutList Bridge.

Shaker Tall Clock

The Shaker Tall Clock can be [downloaded here](#) with attributes assigned. A set of PDF shop drawings are available [here for download](#).

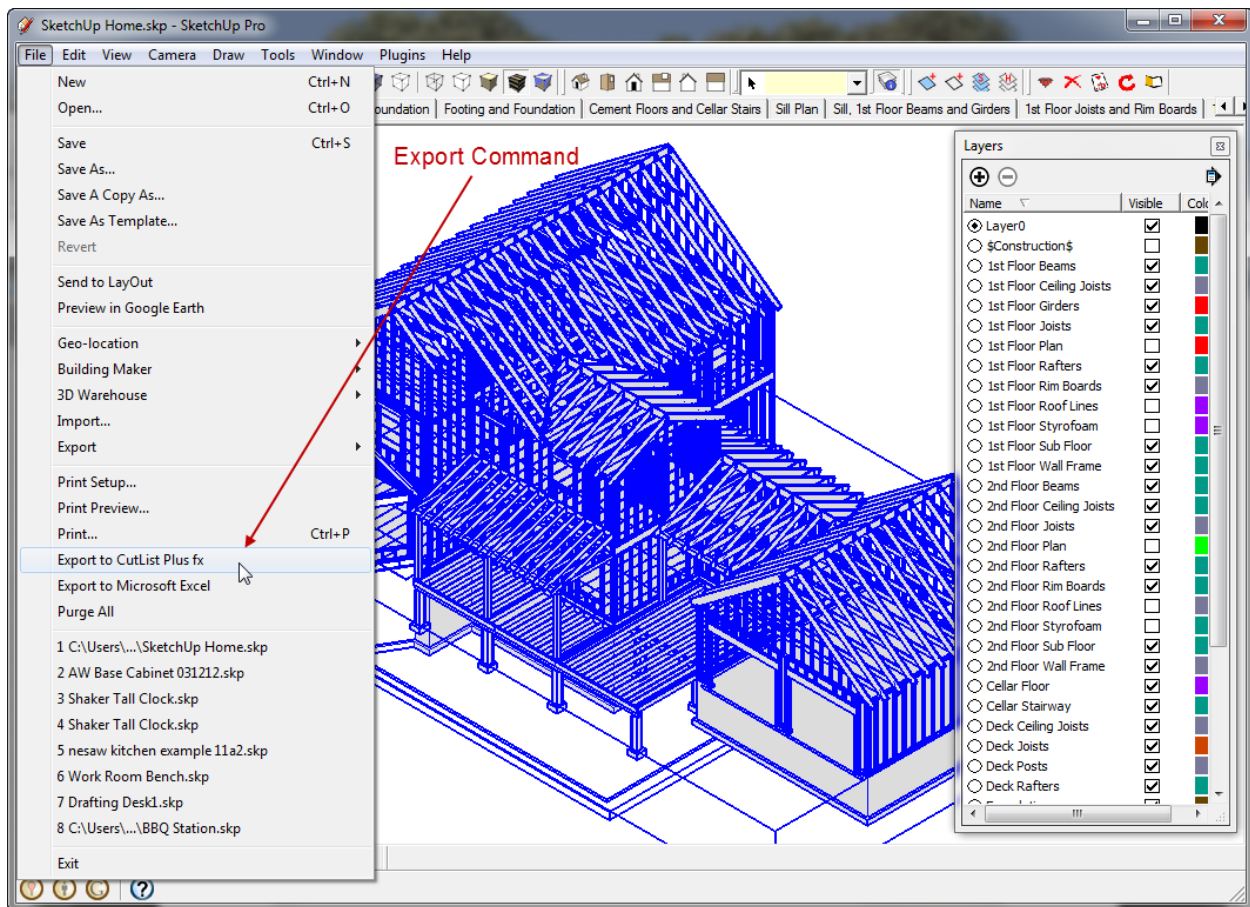
Base Cabinet

The Base Cabinet can be [downloaded here](#) with attributes assigned.

CutList Plus fx - Exporting and Importing

Exporting to CutList Plus fx

Exporting to CutList Plus fx is a simple matter of selecting one copy of your model and choosing menu File/Export to CutList Plus fx. This produces a .csv file with the same name as your .skp model file and places it in the same folder as your model file. However, before doing so make sure you have selected one and only one copy of your model. Selecting more than one copy will produce a cut list with inflated or incorrect requirements. Some modelers put more than one copy of a component or model on a given layer for purposes of dimensioning. In these cases be sure not to use the Select All method of selection, rather use the Select tool to select what you want included in the cut list.



If your operating system permits associating a file extension with a particular application you can associate .csv with CutList Plus fx so that simply clicking on your exported file will initiate the import process in CutList Plus fx.

Importing to CutList Plus fx

Whether importing to CutList Plus fx via the file association method described above, or by the CutList Plus fx menu File/Import method, you will be presented with the Import Wizard shown at the top of the following page.

Import Wizard

Delimiter

☒ Comma ☐ Tab ☐ Semicolon ☒ First row has headers

Saved Import Filters

Default Save Filter Changes Save As New Filter...

| Item | Import Column | Example | Default |
|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Part # | <Skip this item> | | |
| Sub-Assembly | Sub-Assembly | Sub-Assembly | |
| Description | Description | FSRB 1 1/8 x 11 7/8 x 10 | |
| Copies | Copies | 2 | |
| Thick | Thick | 1 1/8" | |
| Width | Width | 11 7/8" | |
| Length | Length | 10' | |
| Material Type | Material Type | Dimensioned Lumber | |
| Material Name | Material Name | FSRB | |
| Can Rotate | Can Rotate | No | |
| Banding | Banding | Banding | |
| <Info> | <Info> | <Info> | |
| Notes | Notes | Notes | |

Help Advanced... Cancel Finish

Look at the Delimiter section and make sure you have chosen the Comma radio button and checked the "First row has headers" checkbox. Next, using the drop down boxes in the Import Column, match the name in the Import column with the Item column. The exception is Item column entry Part #; match this with <Skip this item>. Then click the Save As New Filter button and enter a name for your filter. This name will now show up in the left most button called Default in the image above. Now all you have to do is click Finish on this and all subsequent imports from a CutList Bridge produced .csv file.

Microsoft Excel – Exporting and Importing

Exporting and Importing to Microsoft Excel requires the user to make some choices. Before exporting go to the Columns tab. There you will find fifteen drop down boxes with sixteen selections each. These drop down boxes allow the user to choose which columns he/she desires to include in the export, and the order of appearance. Leaving a column blank will produce a column with no header and blank cells in that position. It is also possible to include the same selection in more than one column, though that is probably not useful.

If you are going to do calculations in your Excel spreadsheet, such as board feet calculations, be sure to include the decimal dimension columns Dec T, Dec W and Dec L. These will make calculations easy because converting Imperial dimensions to decimal dimensions in Excel is not trivial.

There is one column which you will likely want to include all the time; when Material Type column is included CutList Bridge formats the Excel sheet by separating the exported information into groups. The group headings are Rough Lumber, Dimensioned Lumber, Sheet Good, Other and Uncategorized. The latter group will only appear if some components have not been assigned a Material Type attribute.

The following image is the result of not choosing Material Type for inclusion on the Columns Tab. At the top of the next page is the same cut list export but with Material Type included. Notice the more useful formatting.

| Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1 Sub-Assembly | Carcass Bottom Edging | 1 | 1/8" | 3/4" | 17 7/8" | Maple | No | | | | 0.125 | 0.75 | 17.875 |
| 3 Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom / <Bottom> | 1 | 3/4" | 22 5/16" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | 0W-1L | W(0.25) / L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22.3125 | 18.125 |
| 4 Face Frame | FF Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 17.875 |
| 5 Counter Top | Countertop | 1 | 1 1/4" | 21 15/16" | 25" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 1.25 | 21.9375 | 25 |
| 6 Door | Door Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 22 21/32" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 22.65625 |
| 7 Door | Door Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 17 29/32" | Cherry Plywood | No | | | | 0.25 | 13.9375 | 17.90625 |
| 8 Base Cabinet | Carcass Side / <Side> | 2 | 3/4" | 22 7/16" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22.4375 | 30.75 |
| 9 Face Frame | Side Panel Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 20 1/4" | 27 1/2" | Cherry Plywood | No | | | | 0.25 | 20.25 | 27.5 |
| 10 Face Frame | Right FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30.75 |
| 11 Door | Lower Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 3 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 3.25 | 13.9375 |
| 12 Counter Top | Back Backsplash | 1 | 1/2" | 3" | 21 7/16" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 0.5 | 3 | 21.4375 |
| 13 Face Frame | Rear Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30.75 |
| 14 Door | Upper Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 13.9375 |
| 15 Ladder Frame | Applied Base Front | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 19 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 19.9375 |
| 16 Base Cabinet | Carcass Stretchers | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 3 | 18.125 |
| 17 Face Frame | Upper Side Panel Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 20.25 |
| 18 Hardware | Pulls | 2 | 25/64" | 1 17/64" | 4 11/64" | Cabinet Pull | No | | | | 0.390625 | 1.265625 | 4.171875 |
| 19 Drawer | Drawer Bottom | 1 | 1/4" | 16 3/4" | 20 1/2" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | | | 0.25 | 16.75 | 20.5 |
| 20 Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Stretcher | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/4" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 3 | 18.25 |
| 21 Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Side | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 1/4" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 18.25 |
| 22 Face Frame | Lower Side Panel Rail#1 | 1 | 13/16" | 3 1/4" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 3.25 | 20.25 |
| 23 Drawer | Drawer F/B | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 17 1/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 17.25 |
| 24 Drawer | Drawer Side | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 20 3/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 20.75 |
| 25 Face Frame | FF Mid Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1 | 17.875 |
| 26 Ladder Frame | Ladder Base F/B | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 7/16" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 18.4375 |
| 27 Face Frame | Front Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30.75 |
| 28 Ladder Frame | Applied Base Side | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 21" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 21 |
| 29 Hardware | blank cad.dwg.dwg#8 | 2 | 1 7/8" | 2 63/64" | 21 23/32" | Drawer Slide | No | | | | 1.875 | 2.984375 | 21.71875 |
| 30 Counter Top | Left Backsplash | 1 | 1/2" | 3" | 25" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 0.5 | 3 | 25 |
| 31 Base Cabinet | Carcass Back / <Back> | 1 | 1/2" | 19 5/8" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.5 | 19.625 | 30.75 |
| 32 Drawer | Drawer Front | 1 | 3/4" | 5 5/16" | 17 11/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 5.3125 | 17.6875 |
| 33 Face Frame | Left FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30.75 |

AW Base Cabinet 031212.csv - Microsoft Excel non-commercial use

| T11 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------|----------|----------|----------|
| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O |
| 1 | Rough Lumber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 3 | | Face Frame | FF Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 17.875 |
| 4 | | Door | Door Stile | 2 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 22 21/32" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 22.65625 |
| 5 | | Face Frame | Right FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30.75 |
| 6 | | Door | Lower Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 3 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 3.25 | 13.9375 |
| 7 | | Face Frame | Rear Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30.75 |
| 8 | | Door | Upper Door Rail | 1 | 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 13.9375 |
| 9 | | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Front | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 19 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 19.9375 |
| 10 | | Face Frame | Upper Side Panel Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 20.25 |
| 11 | | Face Frame | Lower Side Panel Rail#1 | 1 | 13/16" | 3 1/4" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 3.25 | 20.25 |
| 12 | | Face Frame | FF Mid Rail | 1 | 13/16" | 1" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1 | 17.875 |
| 13 | | Face Frame | Front Side Panel Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30.75 |
| 14 | | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Side | 1 | 3/4" | 4" | 21" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 21 |
| 15 | | Drawer | Drawer Front | 1 | 3/4" | 5 5/16" | 17 11/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 5.3125 | 17.6875 |
| 16 | | Face Frame | Left FF Stile | 1 | 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30.75 |
| 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Dimensioned Lumber | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 21 | | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom Edging | 1 | 1/8" | 3/4" | 17 7/8" | Maple | No | | | | 0.125 | 0.75 | 17.875 |
| 22 | | Drawer | Drawer F/B | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 17 1/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 17.25 |
| 23 | | Drawer | Drawer Side | 2 | 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 20 3/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 20.75 |
| 24 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Sheet Good | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 28 | | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom / <Bottom> | 1 | 3/4" | 22 5/16" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | 0W-1L | W(0.25) / L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22.3125 | 18.125 |
| 29 | | Door | Door Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 17 29/32" | Cherry Plywood | No | | | | 0.25 | 13.9375 | 17.90625 |
| 30 | | Base Cabinet | Carcass Side / <Side> | 2 | 3/4" | 22 7/16" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22.4375 | 30.75 |
| 31 | | Face Frame | Side Panel Panel | 1 | 1/4" | 20 1/4" | 27 1/2" | Cherry Plywood | No | | | | 0.25 | 20.25 | 27.5 |
| 32 | | Base Cabinet | Carcass Stretchers | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 3 | 18.125 |
| 33 | | Drawer | Drawer Bottom | 1 | 1/4" | 16 3/4" | 20 1/2" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | | | 0.25 | 16.75 | 20.5 |
| 34 | | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Stretcher | 2 | 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/4" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 3 | 18.25 |
| 35 | | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base Side | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 1/4" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 18.25 |
| 36 | | Ladder Frame | Ladder Base F/B | 2 | 3/4" | 4" | 18 7/16" | Birch Plywood | Yes | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 18.4375 |
| 37 | | Base Cabinet | Carcass Back / <Back> | 1 | 1/2" | 19 5/8" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.5 | 19.625 | 30.75 |
| 38 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 | Other | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 41 | | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 42 | | Counter Top | Countertop | 1 | 1 1/4" | 21 15/16" | 25" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 1.25 | 21.9375 | 25 |
| 43 | | Counter Top | Back Backsplash | 1 | 1/2" | 3" | 21 7/16" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 0.5 | 3 | 21.4375 |
| 44 | | Hardware | Pulls | 2 | 25/64" | 1 17/64" | 4 11/64" | Cabinet Pull | No | | | | 0.390625 | 1.265625 | 4.171875 |
| 45 | | Hardware | blank cad dwg.dwg#B | 2 | 1 7/8" | 2 63/64" | 21 23/32" | Drawer Slide | No | | | | 1.875 | 2.984375 | 21.71875 |
| 46 | | Counter Top | Left Backsplash | 1 | 1/2" | 3" | 25" | Custom Counter Top | No | | | | 0.5 | 3 | 25 |
| 47 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 48 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

AW Base Cabinet 031212

Exporting to Microsoft Excel

Exporting to Microsoft Excel is a simple matter of selecting one copy of your model and choosing menu File/Export to Microsoft Excel or OpenOffice. This produces a .csv file with the same name as your .skp model file and places it in the same folder as your model file. However, before doing so make sure you have selected one and only one copy of your model. Selecting more than one copy will produce a cut list with inflated or incorrect requirements. Some modelers put more than one copy of a component or model on a given layer for purposes of dimensioning. In these cases be sure not to use the Select All method of selection, rather use the Select tool to select what you want included in the cut list.

If your operating system permits associating a file extension with a particular application you can associate .csv with Microsoft Excel so that simply clicking on your exported file will initiate the import process. In the case of Microsoft Excel it will open a workbook page with importing already completed.

Importing to Microsoft Excel

As mentioned above, you can import to Microsoft Excel automatically with the file association method, or use the File/Open menu. When the Open dialog box appears choose All Files and then navigate to your exported .csv file, choose it and click Open.

OpenOffice – Exporting and Importing

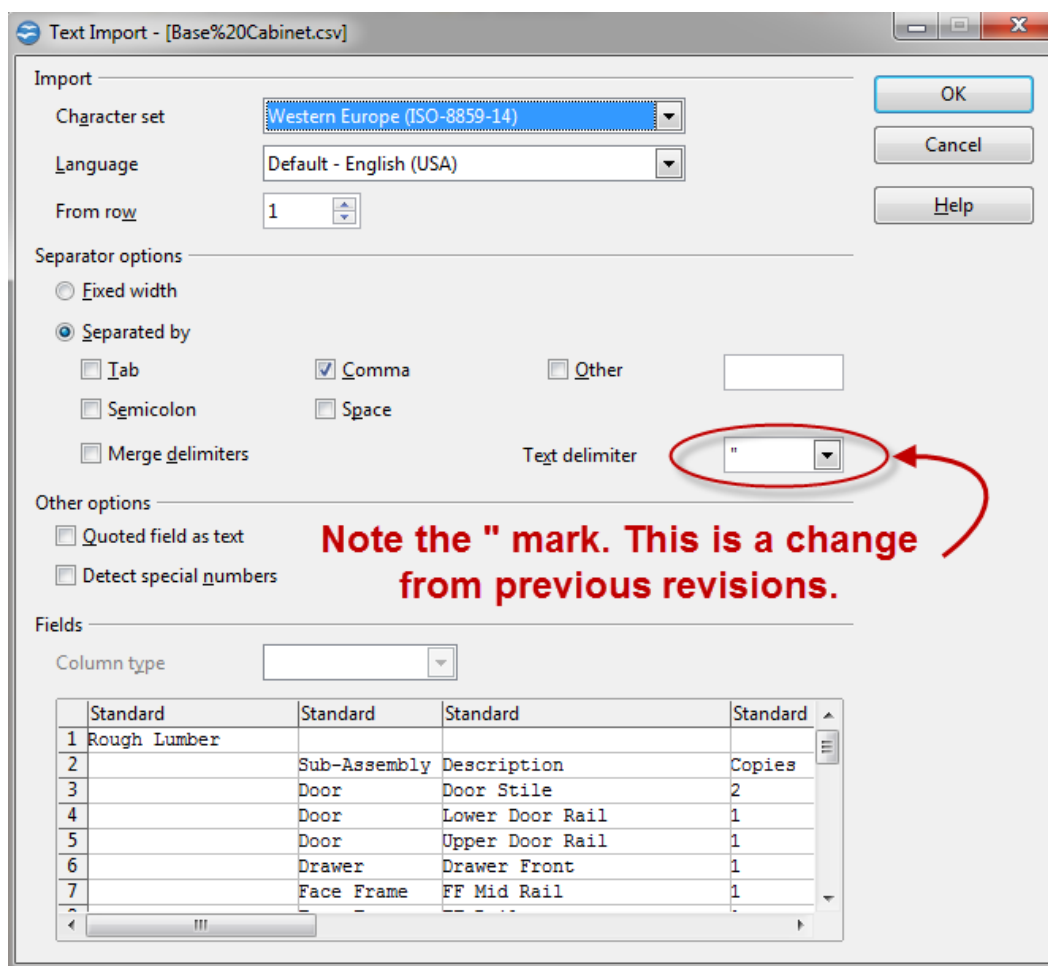
OpenOffice is a free suite of office applications (awkwardly called OpenOffice.org) from Apache Incubator and can be downloaded at <http://www.openoffice.org/>.

Exporting to OpenOffice

Exporting to OpenOffice is very much the same as Exporting to Microsoft Excel. Read sections Microsoft Excel – Exporting and Importing on page 47 and Exporting to Microsoft Excel on page 48.

Importing to OpenOffice

As mentioned in the Excel section, you can import to OpenOffice automatically with the file association method, or use the File/Open menu. When the Open dialog box appears choose All Files and then navigate to your exported .csv file, choose it and click Open. A dialog box will appear as shown below.



Be sure all selections appear as shown above. Be sure to choose " in the Text delimiter drop down box. This setting is a change from previous revisions as a result of a software fix in revision 2.3. Click OK and your cut list will appear similar to the one on the next page.

| AW Base Cabinet 031212.csv - OpenOffice.org Calc | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------|--------|---------|----------|
| File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arial 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C53 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | J | K | L | M | N | O |
| 1 | Rough Lumber | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 3 | Door | Door Stile | 2 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 22 21/32" | 22 21/32" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 22 66625 |
| 4 | Door | Lower Door Rail | 1 3/4" | 3 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 3.25 | 13 9375 |
| 5 | Door | Upper Door Rail | 1 3/4" | 2 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 13 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 2.25 | 13 9375 |
| 6 | Drawer | Drawer Front | 1 3/4" | 5 5/16" | 17 11/16" | 17 11/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 5.3125 | 17 6875 |
| 7 | Face Frame | FF Mid Rail | 1 13/16" | 1" | 17 7/8" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1 | 17 875 |
| 8 | Face Frame | FF Rail | 1 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 17 7/8" | 17 7/8" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 17 875 |
| 9 | Face Frame | Front Side Panel Stile | 1 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30 75 |
| 10 | Face Frame | Left FF Stile | 1 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30 75 |
| 11 | Face Frame | Lower Side Panel Rail#1 | 1 13/16" | 3 1/4" | 20 1/4" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 3.25 | 20 25 |
| 12 | Face Frame | Rear Side Panel Stile | 1 13/16" | 2 1/4" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 2.25 | 30 75 |
| 13 | Face Frame | Right FF Stile | 1 13/16" | 1 9/16" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5625 | 30 75 |
| 14 | Face Frame | Upper Side Panel Rail | 1 13/16" | 1 1/2" | 20 1/4" | 20 1/4" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.8125 | 1.5 | 20 25 |
| 15 | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Front | 1 3/4" | 4" | 19 15/16" | 19 15/16" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 19 9375 |
| 16 | Ladder Frame | Applied Base Side | 1 3/4" | 4" | 21" | 21" | Cherry | No | | | | 0.75 | 4 | 21 |
| 17 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Dimensioned Lumber | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 20 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom Edging | 1 1/8" | 3/4" | 17 7/8" | 17 7/8" | Maple | No | | | | 0.125 | 0.75 | 17 875 |
| 21 | Drawer | Drawer F/B | 2 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 17 1/4" | 17 1/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 17 25 |
| 22 | Drawer | Drawer Side | 2 1/2" | 4 1/4" | 20 3/4" | 20 3/4" | Maple | No | | | | 0.5 | 4.25 | 20 75 |
| 23 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Sheet Good | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | Sub-Assembly | Description | Copies | Thick | Width | Length | Material Name | Can Rotate | Banding | Info | Notes | Dec T | Dec W | Dec L |
| 28 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Back / <Back> | 1 1/2" | 19 5/8" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.5 | 19 625 | 30 75 |
| 29 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Bottom / <Bottom> | 1 3/4" | 22 5/16" | 18 1/8" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | 0W-1L | W(0.25) / L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22 3125 | 18 125 |
| 30 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Side / <Side> | 2 3/4" | 22 7/16" | 30 3/4" | 30 3/4" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | W(0.25) | | 0.75 | 22 4375 | 30 75 |
| 31 | Base Cabinet | Carcass Stretchers | 2 3/4" | 3" | 18 1/8" | 18 1/8" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | L(0.25) | | 0.75 | 3 | 18 125 |
| 32 | Door | Door Panel | 1 1/4" | 13 15/16" | 17 29/32" | 17 29/32" | Cherry Plywood | No | | | | 0.25 | 13 9375 | 17 90625 |
| 33 | Drawer | Drawer Bottom | 1 1/4" | 16 3/4" | 20 1/2" | 20 1/2" | Maple Plywood - Prefinished | No | | | | 0.25 | 16 75 | 20 5 |
| Sheet 1 / 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sum=0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Valid Resizing Dimensions

CutList Bridge accepts Imperial or Metric dimensions provided they are formatted correctly. Dimension inputs should adhere to the following formats:

Metric Dimensions

In the following i is an integer number, d is a decimal number, m is meters, cm is centimeters and mm is millimeters.

i
im
icm
imm
d
dm
dcm
dmm

Where i is an integer whose first digit cannot be a zero and d is a decimal number whose first digit cannot be a zero unless the decimal point is immediately to its right. When a unit is not supplied the current SketchUp default Units will be used. Note there is no space between the integer or decimal number and a unit.

If conversion cannot be completed successfully an error message will appear.

Imperial Dimensions

In the following D is a decimal number, i is inches, f is feet, n is a numerator of fractional inches, and d is a denominator of fractional inches.

D" or D' or D
i" or i or f' or f
n/d" or n/d
i n/d" or i n/d
f' i" or f' i
f' n/d" or f' n/d
f' i n/d" or f' i n/d

Where i, n, d, and f must be non-zero integers whose leading digit also is not a zero, e.g. 0123 is invalid. D is a decimal number and the first digit cannot be a zero unless the decimal point is immediately to its right. Feet must be specified as a decimal number or an integer; it cannot be a fraction. When a unit is not supplied the current SketchUp default Units will be appended. Note there is no space between the integer, fraction or decimal number and a unit.

If conversion cannot be completed successfully an error message will appear.